Bombay Gazette
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE
Bombay Gazette.

No. 54,969.—New Series. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 6-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1910				
9th March.	SALSETTE	6000	† PERSIA	7951
12th "	† EGYPT	7912	† MALWA	10882
19th "	SALSETTE	6000		
23rd "	ARCADIA	7005		
26th "	INDIA	791		
2nd April.	MACEDONIA	10812		
6th "	ARABIA	7903		
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9705
23rd "	MANTUA	10885		
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
7th May.	CALEDONIA	7538		
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10490
21st "	EGYPT	7912		

† These Steamers will call at Brindisi.

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipp to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON, the day previous to sailing and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 a.m., on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with port of destination.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of selling. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 and 1 P. M., for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER At Special Rates.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 P.M., on WEDNESDAY, 23rd MARCH 1910, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	SINGLE	RETURN
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by sea	Rs. 548, Rs. 627	Rs. 792 ,, Rs. 949

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay, fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Co.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.

PASSAGES TO EUROPE — Booked by all Lines. Continental Railway Tickets procured.

PASSAGES VIA JAPAN AND AMERICA — Booked by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.

BERTHS AND BOOK — Carefully selected.

PASSENGERS — Met on arrival.

CIRCULAR NOTES — Bank Notes, Drafts, and Sovereigns at Current Rates.

CALCUTTA : GRINDLAY & Co,
LONDON : GRINDLAY & Co.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

BRINDISI and VENICE (Transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
ALDINO	4,580	D. Maganzial	15th Mar. 1910.
RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Mancini	15th Apr. 1910.
BALDUIANO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th May 1910

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 600 Single and Rs. 900 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa with the Company's Weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 723; 2nd Class, Rs. 525. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE and HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
ISCHIA	5,009	G. Boletto	17th Mar. 1910.
CAPRI	6,003	P. Dini	17th Apr. 1910.
ISCHIA	6,003	G. Boletto	17th May 1910.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

No. 59 Hornby Road.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own nose will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
LINGA	2,171	Mon. 28th Feb.	11 a.m.	P.D. & C.M.*
DUMRA	1,696	Thur. 3rd Mar.	9 a.m.	C. Mandvi.
LHASA	2,171	Fri. 4th Mar.	9 a.m.	Direct †

* Porebunder, Dwarka, and C. Mandvie.
† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR O. MANDVIE, KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S.S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 3rd March, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S.S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, on Monday, 28th Feb., calling at Veraval, Mangrole, Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 12th March.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.

26th February, 1910.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD SEASON.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leaves Bombay.
MASSILIA	5031	J. Thomson	15th March 1910.
OLYMPIA	5124	A. Tait	26th "
CIRCASSIA	6716	C.F. Osborne, R.N.R.	13th April "
SOINDIA	5108	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
CASTALIA	6384	J. Hamilton	8th May "
ELYSIA	6368	A. Haig	22nd " "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers :—

	Rs.
Bombay to Suez	413
Bombay to Portsaid	446
Bombay to Marseilles	578
Bombay to Liverpool	605
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles	653
Bombay to New York	808
Bombay to Suez and back	627
Bombay to Portsaid and back	677
Bombay to Liverpool and back	990
Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool	1,038
Bombay to New York and back	1,340

Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez, Rs. 446.

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by S. I. & N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORT SAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins Amidships for First Class Passengers only.

Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

Fares.—Rs. 400 to Rs. 480 according to position of Cabin.

For further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

Steamer.	Month.	Port.
Tredegar Hall	due 12th March	Philadelphia.
Spanish Prince	due April	New York and Philadelphia.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

COUTTS & CO.,

ARMY, SHIPPING AND PASSENGER AGENTS,
POST BOX 249, BOMBAY.

ENGAGE PASSAGES, SHIP AND CLEAR BAGGAGE, CARGO, ETC., FROM CUSTOMS, MEET PASSENGERS BY ALL INCOMING STEAMERS, TRANSPORTS AND AT RAILWAY STATIONS, TRANSACT GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS.

LOCAL AGENTS FOR :—

CARTER PATERSON & CO., LD. } LONDON.
PICKFORDS, LD. }
SUTTON & CO. }

SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,685	Robufat	17th Mar. 1910
SYDNEY	4,118	Magneu	14th Apr. "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	12th May "
NERA	5,538	Martin	9th June "
SALAZIE	4,147		7th July "
DUMBEA	5,685	Relofat	4th August "
SYDNEY	4,118	Magneu	1st Sept. "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	25th Mar. 1910.
SALAZIE	4,147	×	22nd April 1910.

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 250,000

HEAD OFFICE :
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms :—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL'S MANSIONS, Hummum St, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES :
MUMBADEVI, AHMEDABAD and KARACHI.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

NARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

THE "POLKEY"

PATENT PARAFFIN MOTOR HEAD LIGHTS.
SPECIALLY MADE FOR INDIA.

Reasons Why You Should Have "The Polkey" Head Lights :

1. It burns paraffin which is obtainable everywhere.
2. It is a pleasant and most effective light for a Motor Car.
3. It is strong enough for any ordinary purpose.
4. It gives a more diffused light than the ordinary acetylene lamp.
5. It is lit immediately without any waiting.
6. It does not smell.
7. On a dark night the driver can easily peck out a telegraph post at sixty yards, seeing it quite plainly.
8. Two spare chimnies ready for use stored in each lamp in asbestos lined tubes; no risk of breakage.
9. Glass chimnies guaranteed perfectly fire-proof.
10. The only form of head lamp not objected to by the police regulations.

THE "POLKEY"

Patent Paraffin Motor Head Lights, 527 Candle Power,
Specially made for India.

No. 1 SERIES.

Nickel plated on brass with side fittings ... Each	£	8 0
Brass polished ... ,,	,,	7 0
Double Fork brackets for shutting, on each ...	,,	0 15

No. 2 SERIES.

Nickel plated on brass, each	£	7 0
Brass polished ... ,,	,,	6 0
Double Fork brackets for shutting, on each ...	,,	0 15

THE "POLKEY"

Side Lights for Motor Cars.
Good light givers, burning paraffin and suitable for any size cars.

No. 1 SERIES.—Carrying chimnies.—

Nickel Plated, per pair ...	£	4 16
Brass Polished ,, ...	,,	4 0

No. 2 SERIES.—No chimnies—

Nichel Plated, per pair ...	£	4 10
Brass Polished ,, ...	,,	3 10

Above Lamps may be had at English Prices, less 10 per cent. for Cash. Calculation.—12 Ans. to the shilling or Rs. 15 as the Pound Sterling.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA :

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

S. PELLEGRINO NATURAL MINERAL TABLE WATER.

MOST EFFICACIOUS

For the cure of Gout and kindred complaints, such as Uric Acid Diathesis, Renal Calculi and Gravel and hereditary Uric Acid.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

(Sole Agents for Western India.)

"S. PELLEGRINO"
ITS MINERAL WATERS.

An elegant Illustrated Booklet post free on application.

25-27 29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams "MONGIBROS," Bombay.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,

ON GOVERNMENT LIST.

Engineers, Iron and Brass Founders, Metal and Timber Merchants and Contractors.

MANUFACTURERS OF - - -
Bridges, Girders, Roofs and Structural Work of all Kinds, Cast, Wrought and Mild Steel Work of the Heaviest Description, Plain and Ornamental Castings, Sanitary and Conservancy Appliances, Irrigation Requirements, &c., &c.

DESIGNS AND ESTIMATES - - -
furnished on Application.
Hyderaulic Rivetting, Steam-hammers and Testing Plant used.

ERECTION OF - - - - - -
manufactured Work imported or otherwise, Contracted for it any part of India.
We have of late added to our works some further heavy Machinery to unable us to meet all requirements.

SUPPLIERS OF - - - - - -
Engines and Boilers (Portable and Stationary), Pumps, Galvanized Steel Wire Ropes, Cast and Wrought Iron Pipes, Galvanized Plain and Corrugated Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, &c., in Steel and Iron, Tools, Water-Supply Fittings, Valves, Portland Cement, &c.

GEO. GAHAGAN & Co.,
OFFICES AND WORKS
Covering over 16,000 Square Yards
Bellasis Road, Byculla, BOMBAY.

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

NOTICE.

CHANGE OF ADDRESS.

WE beg to notify that from this date our ADDRESS will be

NO. 3, WALLACE STREET, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE DUNLOP PNEUMATIC TYRE CO., LTD.
THE DUNLOP RUBBER CO., LTD.
THE COUPE CO., LTD.

18th February, 1910.

MILLARS' WESTRALIAN JARRAH WOOD.

For Sleepers, Beams, Wharves, Bridges, Railway Carriages and Wagons, Mining and General Engineering purposes, Buildings.
Full particulars and prices on application to
MILLARS' KARRI AND JARRAH CO (1902) LD.
YORK BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD.
Telegraphic Address:—"Jarrah Bombay." Telephone No. 838.
Depots at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Kolar and Karachi.

J. B. ORR'S "ZINGESSOL" PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT, Manufactured by JOHN B. ORR, F.C.S., is unrivalled as an artistic and permanent decoration.

Specially appointed by the Viceroy of India for decorating Government House Calcutta, 1890, also the designs and decorations by the Vice-Commissioner Milner House Africa. 1903, S.

WM. CHS. SMITH, FROM LONDON.

PAINTER & HOUSE DECORATOR.
Importer of the Best English oils and colour, &c.
Sole Agent in India, for J. B. Orr, F. C. S.
ZINGESSOL ORR'S ZINC WHITE AND PURE OXIDE OF ZINC
Colour Washing of Walls with ORR'S ZINGESSOL, THE PERFECTED WASHABLE WATER PAINT.
Coloured Card and Book on Application.
OFFICE: 17-19, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, Opposite the Oriental Buildings.
ESTIMATES GIVEN.

"ZINGESSOL," is admirably adapted for the interior or exterior decoration of either Private Residences, Hospitals, Churches, or other Public Buildings.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.

'Importers of:—

KEROSINE OIL.
PETROL.
LIQUID FUEL.
PARAFIN WAX, &c.

"SILVERLIGHT" CASE OIL 150° — FOR BUNGALOW USE.
"RISING-SUN" KEROSINE — FOR ALL ILLUMINATING PURPOSES.
"SHIP" BRAND KEROSINE — FOR LIGHTING SHOPS.
"COBRA AND SWAN" KEROSINE — FOR OIL ENGINES.
"SHELL" BRAND PETROL — HIGHEST WORKING RESULTS
LIQUID FUEL — FOR DIESEL OIL ENGINES
"PESTERINE" — FOR PLAGUE PREVENTION.

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM Co., Ld.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s.s. "HIMALAYA," from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

A SPECIAL TRAIN will RUN from DELHI to BOMBAY, on TUESDAY, the 22nd March, 1910, leaving Delhi at 8-55 A.M. and arriving Bombay at 2-5 P.M. the next day, to meet the Extra P. & O. steamer "Arcadia," leaving Bombay, on the 23rd March, 1910. Intermediate Timings, can be obtained at G. I. P. Railway Stations.

For Passengers from and via Lucknow, a Carriage will run from Lucknow to Jhansi, on the 22nd March, 1910, by the 9-25 A.M. Train. Passengers will have to change at Jhansi into the through Train. Berths can be reserved by the special from any Station North of Itarsi on application to the Station Superintendent, Delhi Junction.

No reserved accommodation can be booked by this Special Train through from a Foreign Line. All Passengers from Foreign Lines via Delhi, will have to change at Delhi Junction, and this Train will not wait for any Foreign Line Train which may be running late.

H. C. RADFORD,
For General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 23rd February, 1910.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.

ON and from MONDAY, the 7th March, 1910, the TIMINGS of the MAIL and PASSENGER TRAINS on the Main Line and Branches and of the Local and Suburban Trains between COLABA and VIRAR, on the Broad-Gauge Section of this Company's system will be REVISED.

The DOWN MAIL will LEAVE COLABA, at 21-0 instead of at 21-30, and the DOWN PASSENGER TRAIN will LEAVE COLABA at 22-0 instead of at 22-30.

Detailed Timings may be ascertained from the Sheet Time Tables exhibited at stations.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 24th February, 1910.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House, on THURSDAY, the 3rd March, 1910, at 10 P.M.

A. HILL TREVOR,
Honorary Secretary.

NOTICE

SALE OF SANDALWOOD.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of about 1331 Mds. of SANDALWOOD STORED in Timoyattur depot, and about 1257 Mds. in Dencanikotta depot. One maund equals twenty-eight pounds avoirdupois.

The tenders should reach the District Forest Officer, North Salem, on or before the 8th March, 1910; and not 1st March as stated in the "Government Gazette." Each Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 100 in currency notes or Postal Order.

The Tenders may refer to the "Fort Saint George Gazette" dated 22nd February, 1910 for further details or they may apply to the District Forest Officer, North Salem, Madras Presidency.

F. L. C. COWLEY BROWN,
District Forest Officer,
North Salem.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
(Including Indian Midland Section)
AND
(AGRA-DELHI CHORD RAILWAY.)

TENDERS FOR SUPPLY OF DRUGS, MEDICAL AND SURGICAL APPLIANCES, HOSPITAL NECESSARIES AND SUNDRIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his Office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P. M. on 10th March, 1910, for the SUPPLY of DRUGS, MEDICAL and SURGICAL APPLIANCES, Hospital Necessaries and Sundries, during the year commencing 1st April 1910.

2. Tenderers giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of Drugs, Medical and Surgical Appliances, Hospital Necessaries and Sundries required and the conditions on which Tenders will be received, may be obtained on application at the Superintending Surgeon's Office, Byculla, on payment of Rs. 2 for each form.

3. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender, and he reserves to himself the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. A deposit of Rs. 1,000 should accompany each tender, without which no tender will be considered. Only Cash, Currency Notes or Government Promissory Notes will be received as deposits, and if the latter, they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, or order."

All Stores to be in accordance with the Company's standard samples which may be seen at the Superintending Surgeon's Office, Byculla.

JAMES W. FIELD,
Superintending Surgeon,
G. I. P. Ry.

Superintending Surgeon's Office,
Byculla 14th February 1910.

NOTICE.

TIMBER SLEEPERS.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of 1,14,000 DEODAR SLEEPERS, for the use of North-Western Railway Construction Department, delivery to begin by 1st May, 1910, and to be completed by 30th June, 1910.

The Deodar Sleepers should be nine feet six inches long, ten inches wide and 5 inches deep.

Tenders may be submitted for the whole or any portion of the quantity required.

The Deodar Sleepers will be inspected and passed at any Railway Station on the N.-W. Railway, and prices quoted must include delivery into trucks at these stations after having been passed by an Engineer Officer of the N.-W. Railway Station at which the Sleepers are to be delivered and the quantities to be delivered at each station, should be definitely stated in the Tender.

Tenders should be returned filled in, to the Manager, NORTH-WESTERN STATE RAILWAY at LAHORE, by noon, on 15th March, 1910. The cover should be endorsed on the outside with the sender's name and address and should be superscribed in red ink "Tenders for Sleepers required by the North-Western Railway Construction Department." Unless so superscribed they are liable to be returned without consideration.

Forms of Tender and specifications can be had from the Chief Storekeeper, North-Western Railway, Lahore, on payment of a fee of Rs. 100 which will be refunded on the order of the Railway Board to unsuccessful Tenderers as soon as can be arranged after disposal of the Tenders, provided a bona fide Tender is submitted, while to successful Tenderers the same will be refunded as soon as the contract agreements have been duly executed by them.

No earnest money or security is required to be sent with the Tenders.

The Manager is not bound to accept the lowest or any Tender and the whole or any part of a Tender may be accepted or rejected.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North-Western Railway.

Manager's Office, N.-W. Ry.,
Lahore, the 14th Feb. 1910.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

SHERIFF'S PROCLAMATION.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 729 of 1905.

HAJI BEEBEE, widow of AGA MOOCHOOL SHAH, late of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane...Plaintiff,

vs.

1. HIS HIGHNESS SIR SULTAN MAHOMED SHAH, G.C.I.E., of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan Inhabitant, residing at Love Lane, in Mazagon, in Bombay (commonly called the Aga Khan), now on tour in Africs. 2. BEEBEE SAHEB, widow of Suleman Khan, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane, in Mazagon, Bombay. 3. BEEBEE SHANSOOL MOOLUK, widow of Aga Ali Shah (commonly called the Second Aga Khan), of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid. 4. KHUDIJA BEEBEE, widow of Aga Jungi Shah, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid. 5. AGA SHAMSUDIN SHAH, Persian Mahomedan, of Bombay, son of the said Aga Jungi Shah, deceased, in his own right and also as Administrator of the estate and effect of the said Aga Jungi Shah, deceased, residing at Love Lane aforesaid. 6. SHAHZADI BEGUM (commonly called Lady Aga Khan), of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, wife of the above named Defendant No. 1. 7. AGA SHAROOKH SHAH, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, son of Aga Akbar Shah, late of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, deceased. 8. AGA FAROOKH SHAH, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, son of the said Akbar Shah, deceased. 9. AGA COOCHICK SHAH, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, son of Aga Jalal Shah, late of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, deceased. 10. SHAH BEEBEE, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, widow of Aga Nooroodin Shah, late of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, deceased. 11. MALIK TAJ BEGUM, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, widow of Aga Zainullabdin Shah, late of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, deceased. 12. AGA ABDUL SAMUD SHAH, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, son of the said Aga Moochool Shah, deceased by the Plaintiff abovenamed. 13. AGA JALAL SHAH, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, son of the said Aga Moochool Shah, deceased, by the Plaintiff abovenamed, and 14. SHAH BEGUM, of Bombay, Persian Mahomedan, residing at Love Lane aforesaid, daughter of the said Aga Moochool Shah, deceased, by the Plaintiff abovenamed, a minor under the age of 18 years by her guardian ad litem the said Aga Jalal Shah.....Defendants.

WHEREAS by a decree made in the above Suit, on the 1st day of September, 1908, it was ordered inter alia that the Plaintiff Haji Bibi and the second, the ninth and the tenth Defendants Bibi Saheb, Aga Coochick Shah and Shah Bibi do jointly and severally pay to the 7th and 8th Defendants their costs taxed at Rs. 36,995-15-0 only.

And whereas by a warrant of sale, dated the 25th day of October, 1909, the Sheriff of Bombay was directed to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, all the right, title and interest of the 2nd Defendant Bibi Saheb, widow of Suleman Khan, in the lands and premises in the said warrant mentioned, that is to say :—

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the Bungalows standing thereon situate at Mazagaon, on the North side of Love Lane, in Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 45, and New No. 16279, Old Survey No. 669 and New Survey No. 3662 and by the Municipality under No. 33 and bounded on or towards the East by the property hereinafter secondly described, on or towards the West by the property Nusserwanji Manecki Petit, on or towards the North by the property of Merwanji Nowroji, and on or towards the South by the said Love Lane, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Bibi Saheb and her tenants, and which said premises hereinbefore firstly and secondly described together contain by admeasurement 1846 1/9 square yards or thereabouts.

Now it is hereby proclaimed and notified that on the date and at the hours and places undermentioned the Sheriff of Bombay will under and by virtue of the said warrant of sale dated the 25th day of October, 1909, put up for sale by Public Auction to the highest bidder, and without reserve the right, title and interest of the said 2nd defendant, Bibi Saheb, widow of Suleman Khan in the said lands and premises or in so much thereof as may be necessary for the satisfaction of the said decree and costs.

The properties firstly and secondly above described will be sold on the premises at Mazagon, on the North side of Love Lane, and on the West of Mount Road without the Fort, at 3-30 and 3-45 o'clock p.m. (S.T.) respectively on THURSDAY, the 31st day of March, 1910.

The following is the only claim to which the said lands and premises are supposed to be liable.

The claim of the Collector of Bombay for Rs. 46-10-4 including Re. 1 for Notice fee due to Government on the said properties, for the year ending on the 31st August, 1909.

Intimation is given that the Court does not warrant the correctness of the above description of the premises, nor the title of the said 2nd Defendant Bibi Saheb, widow of Suleman Khan to the same or to any interest therein.

Should the said 2nd Defendant Bibi Saheb, widow of Suleman Khan, have no saleable interest whatever in any lot to be sold in accordance with this Proclamation any sum paid by the purchaser by way of full or part payment for the same will be repayable to the purchaser.

The abovementioned Seventh and Eighth Defendants have obtained permission to bid at the sale.

Of the price of each lot one-fourth shall be paid forthwith when the lot is knocked down to a purchaser, the remainder of the purchase money must be paid in cash case by the purchaser to the Sheriff on or before the fifteenth day after the sale.

The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the Court.

In default of payment in whole or in part as above prescribed, any sum paid as deposit will be forfeited to the Government and the lot will be sold fee from any interest therein or in the proceeds thereof of the prior purchaser.

For further information and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the Sheriff.

—Dated this 25th day of February, 1910.

H. SULLEMAN ABDOOL WAHED,
Sheriff of Bombay.

MESSRS. PESTONJI, BUSTIM, KOLA & Co.,
Attorneys for 7th and 8th Defendants.

THE BELLARY PRESS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 89, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY the 28th day of February, 1910, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

1st.—To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1909.

2nd.—To appoint or re-elect a Director.

3rd.—To confirm the appointment of a Director.

4th.—To appoint an auditor and fix his remuneration.

By order of the Board of Directors,
MUNCHERSHAW P. NANAVUTY,
Secretary.

Bombay, 14th February 1910.

N.B.—The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be closed from Monday the 21st day of February, 1910, to MONDAY the 7th day of March, 1910, both days inclusive.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GRAPHIEL'S SELECTIONS.

FOR certain reasons the method of furnishing these Selections will be entirely CHANGED. This procedure will be in the nature of a corrective against Turf Opossums. Letters will, in future, be viewed askance-ly. Personal interviews will be best treated as Graphiel wishes to see Who's who! A higher percentage of Winners may now be counted upon as a MORAL CERTAINTY!!!

The following will show what may be expected in results on the remaining days :—

26th February	... Saturday	...	Very Good.
5th March	... ,,	...	,,
9th ,,	... Wednesday	.	Good.
12th ,,	... Saturday	...	Fair.
19th ,,	... ,,	...	Very Good.
26th ,,	... ,,	...	Doubtful.

RESULT.
26-2-'10.

1st	Race	Akser	Won	6 to 1
2nd	,,	William Tell	Out	.....
3rd	,,	Plassy	Won	4 to 1
4th	,,	Padsha	,,	3 to 1
5th	,,	Desert King	,,	6 to 1
6th	,,	Yg. Salanic	3rd	.....
7th	,,	Mary B.	3rd	1½ P.
8th	,,	Prime Minister	Out	.....

BETTING SECRETS.

Always a winner, never a loser, at the close of the Season. A substantial credit balance always assured! The outcome of practical realization. True secrets to a rapid fortune! Disclosures by appointment. Rs. 100. An irrefutable corrective of all Turf Chicanery!

Office :—Messrs. Whiteaway Laidlaw's Buildings, 2nd Floor, adjoining Messrs. Queen and Saxby.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corperation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 7th March 1910, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. (a) Bombay Improvement Trust Letter—Intimating that the term of Office of the Honourable Mr. Ibrahim Rahimtoola, C. I. E., as a Trustee on the Board expires on the 31st day of March 1910; (b) Election of a Trustee for the Improvement of the City of Bombay.

2. (a) Appointment of Municipal Auditors for 1910-11; (b) Notice of Motion from Mr. James MacDonald, seconded by Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, Kt., for appointing Messrs. Bhukhandas B. Desai and S. T. Thakur to be Muncipal Auditors for 1910-11.

3. Bombay Improvement Trust Memorandum—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' Proceedings.

4. Letter from Dr. Cursetjee Eduljee Surti and others—Requesting that steps may be taken to prevent the proposed erection of a cotton press factory at Wari Bunder Road.

5. Letter from Mr. Yeshwantrao Jayaram—Complaining of stoppage of watersupply to the upper portion of Parel Village at certain hours.

6. Letter from Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer, Solicitors, on behalf of Messrs. N. N. Saher, A. S. Davar and others—Regarding Municipal requisitions to have the wells at their clients' premises filled in or hermetically covered.

7. Letter from Mr. Manoekji Fardunji Wacha and Mr. Manockji Rustomji Jamsetji Unwalla—On the same subject.

8. Letters (i) from Mr. Peter Rodricks, (ii) from Mr. Thomas Baptista and others and (iii) from Dr. D. M. D'Silva and others—Complaining of the high rate of fees levied in respect of pigs brought into the City for private slaughter.

9. Letter from Mr. Manecksha w Dinsha Mistry—Suggesting the widening of Khote foot-path at Chowpatty.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

10. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,200 to supplement the Budget Grant for charges in connection with the Voters' List.

11—13. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain budget transfers.

14. Recommending sanction to the contractions of a sewer in the passage near the Lunatic Asylum, Colaba.

15. Recommending sanction to the signing of cheques for certain expenditure.

16. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,400 to supplement the grant for lighting Markets and Slaughter Houses.

17. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,692 to supplement the Establishment grant for the Assessment and Collection Department.

18. Recommending a grant of Rs. 2,500, and sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a budget transfer of Rs. 1,400 to supplement the grant for printing.

19—22. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, certain budget transfers.

23. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,000 to supplement the grant for commission, etc., payable to the B. B. and C. I. Railway Co. for the Collection of Town Duties.

24. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,060 to supplement the grant for commission, esc., payable to the Port Trust for the collection of Town Duties.

25. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,450 to meet excesses over budget grants for the Markets Department.

26. Recommending that in reply to their letter, complaining of insufficient water-supply at "Old Kelly's Hotel," Byculla, Mr. Charles Ferrers and others be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.

27. Notice of Motion from Mr. D. E. Wacha—For having the Municipal Act amended so as to omit the provision for cumulative system of voting at the Ratepayers' Elections.

28. Government Letter—Forwarding Government Resolution regarding the utility of the Sanitary Surveyors' Class.

29. Letters from the Commissioner—

29. Intimating that a plot of Municipal land at Dadar has been acquired under the Land Acquisition Act in connection with the City Improvement Trust's Scheme No. V.

30. Forwarding quarterly statements regarding the cleansing of sewers and drains in the City.

31. Forwarding a return of cycles and motor cars taxed in the City.

32. Forwarding a statement of assessment of properties.

33. Forwarding a return showing the hours of water-supply to the different localities.

34. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriogical Reports on the Bombay water Supplies.

35. Forwarding a return of unwholesome food stuff destroyed by the Markets Department.

36. Reporting as to the delay in completing set-back operations on Gowalia Tank Road.

37. Regarding the purchase by the Municipality of the B. E. S. & T. Co.'s stables at the junction of Foras and Falkland Roads.

38 Forwarding a report regarding the resumption by Government from the City Improvement Trust of a plot of land at Dadar.

39. Requesting orders as to the acquisition of a plot of land for the proposed Market at Chowpatty.

40. Submitting a propo-al regarding the construction of a culvert, &c., over the Tulsi Main at Sandra.

41. Recommending sanction to the right of receiving and disposing of dead animals at Coorla during 1910-1911 being sold to Messrs. B. H. Ebrahim & Co., for Rs. 57,765.

42. Forwarding Counsel's opinion as to whether it is competent to the Corporation to sanction a grant for the erection of a statue.

43. Submitting for orders, certain proposals regarding the widening of a portion of Queen's Road.

44—45. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—(44) Reporting Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committees; (45) Submitting a statement of Outstanding Commitee of the Corporation.

46. (a) Report of the Committee of the Corporation submitting draft Regulations with respect to the appointment by the Corporation of Trustees of the Prince of Wales Museum of Western India; and (b) Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Intimating that the term of Office of the Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta, K. C. I. E., and the Hon'ble Mr. Ebrahim Rahimtoola, C. I. E., Trustees of the Museum, expires on the 31st March, 1910.

Reports of the Committees of the Corporation—

47. Regarding the Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act.

48. Regarding the question of authorising the use of water taps of the make of Messrs. John S. Walford & Son.

49. Regarding Government Resolution on the question of the development of the City.

By Order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION OFFICE,
Bombay, 25th February, 1910.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WE have, THIS DAY, REMOVED our OFFICE from Bruce Lane to SECOND FLOOR, WALLACE'S BUILDINGS, Wallace Street, Fort.

GILL & Co.

A DIVORCE SUIT.

WHEREAS Mrs. UNA MACLEAN, of No. 11 Corporation Place in Calcutta, has presented a petition in the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Matrimonial Jurisdiction for the dissolution of her marriage against her husband John Alexander Maclean and has applied to the said Court for leave to sue in forma pauperis and whereas the 14th day of March 1910 has been fixed for investigation of pauperism before the Master. Notice is hereby given to the said John Alexander Maclean to appear on the abovenamed date before the said Master if he has any cause to show against the said application for leave to sue in forma pauperis.

G. K. GHOSH,
Solicitor, Calcutta.

BOMBAY ELEVENTH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 5th MARCH, 1910.

OWNERS are REMINDED that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M. on MONDAY, 28th February, 1910.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

BOMBAY, 22nd February, 1910.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED.

A FEW PARTNERS, with a Capital of Rs. 10,000 or more, for a large Land Acquisition and Improvement Scheme. A profit of at least 50 per cent. anticipated. For further particulars please apply to

MR. P. S. P. IYENGAR, B.A., B.L.,
High Court Vakil, Kurnool, Madras Presidency.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

2 or 3 competent MACHINE PRINTERS and HAND-PRESSMEN.

Apply to the GENERAL MANAGER, the "Bombay Gazette, Ld."

ROLLED STEEL BEAMS

BRITISH & CONTINENTAL MANUFACTURE.

5,000 TONS { STEEL BEAMS, STEEL ANGLES, STEEL TEES, CAST-IRON PIPES

KEPT IN STOCK IN BOMBAY.

Prices quoted on receipt of specification for Delivery at any Railway Station or Sea Port in India.

GEO. SERVICE & CO.,
King's Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

SALES BY AUCTION.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21 MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY situate at the West side of Portuguese, Church Road, at Dadar, out of Fort, Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of the Mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Anna Doomiaga Miranda and Dominic Francis Miranda, the Mortgagors, and in pursuant to the power and by virtue of an Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 31st day of July, 1908, Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., Auctioneers, will, on MONDAY, the 28th day of February, 1910, sell by Public Auction, the undermentioned property on the premises at 4-30 o'clock (S.T.), in the afternoon.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax tenure land or ground, containing by admeasurement 9,605 square yards or thereabents, together with all messuages, tenements or buildings standing thereon, situate lying and being on the West side of Portuguese Church Road, at Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 290, 214 and New No. 3282, 3864, Old Survey No. 347, and New Survey No. 1470, and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward G. No. 4326, 4327, 4328, 4329, and 4330, and Street No. 686, 687, 688, 689, and 690, and bounded as follows i. e.—On or towards the East by the Portuguese Church Road, on towards the West by the public passage, on or towards the North by the property of Anna Allarico and Domingos Valles, and on or towards the South by the public tank.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to the undersigned Auctioneers.

SALE of a LARGE LOT of ART TILES for FURNITURE AND DEDO.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of March, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Sale Rooms, 21 Medows Street, Fort.

At the risk and on account of whom it may concern.

A large lot of English-made glazed, fancy colored and printed art Tiles for Dedo and Furnitures, in great varieties of pattern and size.

Will put up for sale in small lots to suit intending buyers.

Now on view.

SALE OF CHINESE and Japanese Works of Art and Curios.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and CO. will, on SATURDAY, the 5th day of March, 1910, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following:—

On account and at the risk of Goolam Mohidin Master of Meadows Street, Fort, the balance of the goods purchased on the 6th and 7th December, 1909, consisting of—Awata and Imari vases, bowls, jars, plates, cloisonne, enamelled vases and bowls, Pekin bronze, inlaid and brass inlaid vases and similar other Japanese art.

Goods purchased on the 13th January, 1910, consisting:—

Old Chinese porcelain and jade articles, including one Jade tea-pot, a Jasper bowl and 1 Jasper flower holder.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 28th February, 1910.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.

FORT, BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AMUSEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE

Owned and conducted by the City of Bombay Building Co., Ld.

WRESTLING BOXING TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT. WRESTLING BOXING TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT.

WRESTLING—BOXING

COMMITTEE :—
Master of Ceremonies .....Mr. F Hogan.
Referee—Boxing .....The Hon. Hill Trevor.
Referee—Wrestling .....Mr. R. B. Benjamin.

COME & SEE - THE INDIAN - CHAMPION - WRESTLERS -

Under Mr. R. B. Benjamin's management in their Exhibition Bout.

GAMA

The Giant from Lahore will throw three men without a rest.

These men are of magnificent physique and experts of the highest order.

ARMY & NAVY BOXING.

STOKER PHIPPS (FOX)
VS.
Sergt. HANDFORD (GLOSTERS)
TIME—10 P.M.

PRICES.—Reserve Ring seats, Rs. 10 each; Boxes, Rs. 30; Stalls, Rs. 5; Dress Circle, Rs. 2; and Gallery, Re. 1. Soldiers and Sailors in uniform Half Price to Stalls and Dress Circle only.

AT THE

NOVELTY THEATRE.

NOVELTY CINEMATOGRAPH

Owned and conducted by the

CITY OF BOMBAY BUILDINGS Co., Ld.

THE PUBLIC VERDICT,

"SPLENDID."

THE PARIS FLOODS THE PARIS FLOODS

THE PARIS FLOODS.

Unique Pictures of the Great Inundation in France.

THE WATERS RISING

THE FLOOD AT ITS HIGHEST.

We are the

FIRST TO SHOW THIS GREAT FILM.

THE PARIS FLOODS TO-NIGHT TO-NIGHT

IT is a matter of regret that MADAME EDITH VITAL has left the Excelsior Cinematograph, where she was the Pianist. Owing to some unpleasantness which happened between the Manager and the Pianist, she left suddenly, there being no agreement. The Proprietor was quite satisfied with her work. MADAME EDITH VITAL is WELL KNOWN in Bombay, as a Music Instructor on the Pianoforte and in Singing. She is a talented Lady from London.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes :—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,
GRAND SURPRISE PROGRAMME.

THE MINIATURE.

A marvel of colour cinematography charming tableaux of the Watteax period. All Ladies should see this film.

CIRCUS LIFE.

All the fun of the fair and all the hardships of a showman's life are seen in this picture,

AND MANY OTHER PICTURES.

Time and Prices as usual.

HARMSTON'S GRAND CIRCUS

AND ROYAL MANAGERY OF PERFORMING Wild Animals.

LOCATION, GOWALIA TANK ROAD, BEHIND FIRE BRIGADE STATION.
At the End of Kennedy Bridge,

The first turning to the left and Look for the 4 Big Lamps 4.

LAST { 6 } NIGHTS!
LAST { } NIGHTS!!

TO-NIGHT

Monster Programmes Selected from our Extensive repertoire

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 1st.
Grand benefit performance in aid of
THE MASINA HOSPITAL FUND.
Under the distinguished Patronage of
H. E. SIR GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARKE, G. C. M. G., C. I. E.,
GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

When Madame Harmston-Love will give half the Gross Receipts to the above institution.

N. B.—Seats for Tuesday night can be obtained from Dr. Masies, and at the Circus Tents.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MARCH 2nd 1910
AMETEUR RIDING CONTEST

A Handsome Trophy will be presented to the Competitor Standing on his feet on the Pad three times around the Ring aided by the Mechanic
(LIMITED TO SIX ENTRIES)
LOOK OUT FOR FRIDAY SENSATION
LAST SOUVENIR MATINEES
LAST SOUVENIR MATINEES
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 2nd and SATURDAY, MARCH 5th 1910.

When a Handsome GOLD and SILVER WATCH will be given away amongst the Children visiting the Circus on those occasions.

Every Child will receive a Number from the Gallery to the Box Seats entitling them to a Chance of Winning one of the Watches.

Doors Open at 3 O'clock. Performance at 4 Sharp. Children Half Price to Matinees only.

Booking at SOUNDY & Co.

Late Trams will run from Grant Road Terminus after all Performances.

N.B.—Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, Half-price to the Re. One and Rs. Two Seats.

N. B.—Special space reserved for zenana Ladies. Seats can be reserved at the Circus Tent Daily.

Madame HARMSTON-LOVE, Proprietress.
Col. BOB LOVE, Manager.
R. ALTON, Agent.

BANKS.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE : NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ...	...Gold	$3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits ...	...Gold	$3,605,119·45

LONDON OFFICE : Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street Within, E. C.

BRANCHES.

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	Singapore.
Hankow.	Empire.	Peking.

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4 per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON, Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE
42/43, Church Gate Street.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 750,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Cawnpore	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141. J. BLACK,
BOMBAY. Ag. Manager.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP .....Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS 15,900,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Lioyang	Eyojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Fengtien Mukden	Peking
Bankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Kouhsia	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tieh-ling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS :—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CHEQUES granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA.
Manager

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort, Bombay

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

WANTED.—An ENGLISH CORRESPONDENCE CLERK for an established firm in the Mofussil. Have to draft English Mail letters. Those only with practical experience need apply with terms to Box No. 402, care of "Bombay Gazette."

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th inst. at 2 p. m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

New furniture such as mirrored sideboard, mirror door single and double almyrah, gent's and lady's writing tables, tiled top teapoys, hat-stands, cabinets, book cases, card tables, jardiniers, etc.

1 Milner's double door safe 53 by 41 by 29.
1 Milner's double door safe 40 by 40 by 29.
1 Milner's single door safe 31 by 25 by 25.
1 Fuller Oil Engine 1 H. P. Full Load with tank &c., complete.

By order of the Post Master General unserviceable goods, such as canvas and drill bags, leather wallets and delivery bags.

By order R. D. Sethna, Esq., Acting Official Assignee and Assignee of the estates of the following Insolvents:—

Re—Atmaram Purshotam and another traded as Atmaram Bros:—
1 lot of diamonds, brilliants, rubies, pearls, sapphires, emeralds, Pokhraj, imitation rubies and emeralds, etc.

Re—Mahomedbhai Essofbhai:—
75 gold embroidered caps.

At 3 p.m. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 bicycle wheeled rubber-tyred English Victoria by Peter and Sons.

By order of the concerned—
4 cylinder 10-12 H. P. N. S. U. Car, (best Continental maker) in splendid working order, only used for trials. Speed upto 30 miles an hour, excellent hill climber, four seated Touring Body with hood, lamps, etc.

Catalogue price Rs. 5,500.

The property of gentlemen going up-country:—
1 double cylinder 4-seated motor car with lamps, in running order.
1 24-28 H. P. 4 cylinder Daraque motor car, with lamps, glass screen, tools, etc., in working order.

SALE OF LANDAU, VICTORIA, DOGCART AND HORSES, ETC.

Under instructions from Mr. Haji Jakaria Haji Ahmed Patel, the mortgagee, in possession and on account and at the risk of Mr. Syed Sirdar Alikhan, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms in Bank Street, Fort, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th Inst., at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

1 handsome blycic rubber-tyred wheel landau by Press.

1 English bicycle rubbertyred wheel victoria by Willock.

1 Spider bicycle rubber-tyred wheel dogcart.
1 pair showy and powerful bay waler horses.
1 handsome and powerful grey waler horse.
1 handsome and powerful bay pony cob.
Also sets of harnesses.

The above are on view at the stables of Messrs. Stephens and Sons, Girgaum.

SALE OF VERY valuable landed properties known as "Watson's" or "Esplanade Hotel" and Watson's Hotel Annexe", in Bombay.

In the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.
Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction,
Suit No. 668 of 1909.

Raja Bahadur Narsingirji Giangirji of Hyderabad, Deccan ..... Plaintiff
vs.

1 Syed Sirdar Ali Khan, Executor of the last Will of Nawab Syed Abdul Hakkarnalker, Sirdar Dilec-ul-Mulk, Bahadur, and
2. Haji Jackeria Haji Ahmed Patel.....Defendants.

Under instructions from and by order of Limjee N. Banaji, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in the above suit by an order of the High Court, dated the 11th November, 1909, and 2nd December, 1909, respectively, and pursuant to the directions contained in the said order, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Company, Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction, the following very valuable landed properties situate at the Esplanade Road and at Apollo Bunder Road, in Bombay, on the days and at the time and place mentioned below :—

"WATSON'S" or "ESPLANADE HOTEL."

On WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of March, 1910, at 5 p. m. (S. T.) on the premises.

SCHEDULE.—All that the right, title and interest of the parties to the above Suit in all and singular the leasehold land, hereditaments and premises comprised in and demised by the Indenture of lease, dated the 20th September, 1872, and made between the Secretary of State for India in Council, of the one part and Hannah Maria Watson and others of the other part, for a term of 999 years commencing from the 26th August, 1897, situate on the Esplanade Road in Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,484 square yards, and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 6917, New No. 1897, and New Survey Nos. 84 and 7 and bounded on or towards the North by the Fuller Road, on or towards the east by a foot path, and the Esplanade Road, on or towards the west by a public street, and on or towards the south by a public street and on or towards the south by the property formerly of Ardeshir Hormusji Wadia, but now of the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd. together with a very substantially built 4 storeyed building thereon, assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 1163, Street No. 10, 1, 4 and 6, Esplanade and Fuller Roads.

WATSON'S HOTEL ANNEXE.

On THURSDAY, the 10th day of March, 1910, at 5 p.m. (S. T.), on the premises.

SCHEDULE.—All that the right, title and interest of the parties to the above Suit in all and singular the leasehold land and hereditaments, comprised in and demised by the Indenture of Lease, dated the 22nd December, 1885, and made between the Trustees of the Port of Bombay of the one part and Syed Abdul Ali Sirdar Dilec Jung, C. I. E., of the other part, for a term of 50 years, commencing from the 1st February, 1886, (renewable as therein mentioned), situate on the Wellington Reclamation estate, and fronting on the Apollo Bunder Road, in Bombay, containing by measurement 3129 2-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with very substantial tenements and buildings thereon assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 10, and forming a part of Collector's New Survey Nos. 95-59 and bounded on or towards the North by Government Dockyard, on or towards the South by the Apollo Bunder Road, on or towards the East by land in occupation of the Royal Yacht Club and on or towards the West partly by the Post Office Stables, and partly by land in occupation of F. Murgliia and Company and which said premises are assessed by the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes under No. 896 (1) to 896 (7), and Street No. 6-6a and 6 f.

For further particulars and printed copies of conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Thakurdas and Co., Solicitors for the Receiver, at their office No. 25, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to Messrs. Crawford and Co., Auctioneers, at their office in Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

AUCTION SALE of valuable immoveable property situate at Portuguese Church Road at Dadar, outside the Fort of Bombay.

Under instructions from and by the order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Pascal Salvador Nunes, the Mortgagor, and in pursuance of the power contained in and by virtue of an Indenture of mortgage, bearing date the 8th day of September, 1908, and further charge of the 25th day of January 1909, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of March, 1910, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned property on the premises at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.)

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Mahim Pension and Tax land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Portuguese Church Road at Dadar, without the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipality under "C" Ward No. 3240 and Street No. 704 and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 2, New No. 3443, Old Survey No 373 and New Survey No 1-1463 and containing by admeasurement 833-75 square yards or thereabouts and bounded on the east by the property of Keshev Waman, on the West by a portion belonging to Joseph Manuel De Monte, on the North by the said Portuguese Church Road and on the South by the property of Mr. Bowjee Ramchandra Jowli, together with common right of using well-water, etc.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned Auctioneers or to Messrs. Daphtary Ferreira and Diwan, the Mortgagee's Solicitors, at their Office, Medow Street, Fort.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 28th February, 1910.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," 2-4 per thousand, and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-13 per thousand. Samples on application at "The Bombay Gazette" Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Arthur Crawford markets, on MONDAY, the 14th proximo, at 11 a.m. (S. T.) the right of collecting fair ground and feeding fees from cattle dealers, butchers, and all others at the Bombay Municipal Slaughter-houses, Bandora, for 12 months from 1st April, 1910 to 31st March, 1911, and fees in the Fort Market, Arthur Crawford Beef Markets, Arthur Crawford Fish and Mutton Markets, Erskin Road Fish Market, Colaba Fish Markets Pedder Road Fish Market, Mazagon and Ferguson Road Fish Market, Parel, Purbhadevi Road and Elphinstone Road Markets, from fresh and salt-fish sellers, &c, who sit on the floor or other places not numbered either in line or outside under the eaves of the Markets and also collecting fees for weighing goods at the scales of the Arthur Crawford Markets, for 12 months from 1st April, 1910 to 31st March 1911.

For particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or at the offices of the Superintendent of Markets, Arthur Crawford Markets, or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer,

AUCTION SALE of valuable vacant piece of land at Mahim.

Suit No. 158 of 1907.

Bejonji Edalji Soonawalla ... ...Plaintiff,
vs.

Jehangir Edalji Soonawala and another ...Defendants.

ON MONDAY the 28th March at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public auction, on the premises, by order of Messrs. Bemonji Edalji Soonawala, Pestonji Framji Soonawala, and Phirozsha Bomanji Soonawala, the trustees appointed by the High Court under the Decree in the above suit and originating summons, dated the 11th day of March, 1907, the following vacant piece of land :—

DESCRIPITION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the nature of Pension and Tax or cart of Cocoanut Bab and date trees, situate lying and being witous the Fort of Bombay near Mahim in the Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue as Government Pansion and Tax ground under Collector's Old Nos. 208, 208, Collector's New No. 3860, Old Survey No. 118 and New Survey No. 1526, containing by admeasurement about 14,767 square yards, be the same lilte more or less and bounded as follows:—That is to say, one or towards the North partly by the land belonging to the Vendors admeasuring about 1,260 square yards and partly by the property of Balkrishna Bapuji Rao and partly by the property of Bai Sondrabai and Bai Monabai, on or towards the South partly by Bhandar lane and partly by the property of Khanbhoji Sorabaji Sethna, on or towards the East partly by Lady Jamshedji Road and partly by the said piece of land belonging to the vendors, on or towards the West partly by the property of Kharshedji Sorabaji Sethna and partly by the property of Khatri and Shri Krishna Morobs Vakni.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshaw & Co. at their office No. 28, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

TO BE SOLD BY PRIVATE SALE.

The well-known and centrally situated furnished Bungalows known as "Maneck Villa" and "Parbati Villa" at Mahableshwar.

Both the bungalows have drawing and dining rooms, large verandah, 4 bed-rooms, with dressing-room and bathroom attached, out-houses, stables and well.

The area of land is 4 acres and 5 gunthas. Private offers will be received by the undersigned who will give all information.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

One very light easy running English-built vis-a-vis in perfect order suitable for a single or pair by Fulker.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 28th February, 1910.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods, Sweeping, etc., at the G.I.P. Railway Wari Bunder Goods Depot.

In accordance with Section 55 and 56 of the Railway Act of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 28th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the above-mentioned place, a quantity of unclaimed goods, grain and seeds in bags, wheat, cottonseed, rice and flower in bags, bundles of gunny bags, empty tins, drums and casks, bedding, bale of waste, boxes of brass pots and wearing apparels, Manilla rope, iron bars and pieces, case of oilmanstore, bundle of papers, case of drawing, heaps of sweeping grain, lot of condemned sheets and ropes, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD WOOD, SWEEPINGS, IRON, ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. have received instructions from the Superintendent, Bombay Port Trust Docks, to sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 1st March 1910, at 2-30 p. m., at the Victoria and Prince's Docks premises—

A quantity of grain sweeping, old wood, iron, etc.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KAMBEKER STREET.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 5th March, 1910, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises at Kambekar Street, by order of the mortgagee Mr. Haji Ahmed Haji Hasham Dada and on account and at the risk of mortgagors, Bachoo Haji Jacob Juma Hussain Jacob and Abubakar Bachoo in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of mortgage dated 2nd March, 1910, the undermentioned landed property :—

All those three pieces of Fazandari land, containing by admeasuring 258 5-9 square yards, or thereabouts and registered by the collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2694 together with messuages, tenements or dwelling-houses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B. Ward No. 2602 and Street Nos. 241, 45 and which all premises are situate at Kambeker Street, in Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay and bounded on or towards the east by sweeper's passage, on or towards the West by the said Kambeker Street, on or towards the North by the property of Abdul Karim and on towards the South by the property of Jouab Rehman.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Solicitors, at their Office No. 28, Churchgate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCELS,

etc., at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX. of 1890, under instructions from the G. I. P. Ry. Co., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 12th March, 1910, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), at the abovenamed place :—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE of VALUABLE LANDED Property situated at Sion, near Mr. Virjiwandass Madhowdass Sanitorium.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on SUNDAY, the 13th March, 1910, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises the undermentioned landed property by order of the mortgagee and by consent of the mortgagor Mr. Domnick Francis Pereira under the power of sale vested in the indentures of mortgage, dated 24th Day of February, 1898, and the 23rd day, of July, 1901 and the further charge, dated the 14th day of February, 1905.

All that piece or parcel of Government Tocca land or ground with the message, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon situate at Sion in the Registration Sub-Disuriot of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1848 square yards or thereabouts, and is registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 2-4 and New No. 15443 and 15671 and by the Municipality under Ward F No. 8784 and Street No. 2351 and bounded as follows :—That is to say, on or towards the East and West by the property of Anna Maria Pereira and others, on or towards the South partly by the property of Anna Maria Pereira and others and partly by the property of Virjiwandass Madhowdass, and on or towards the North by private passage which said property is in the possession of the said Domnick Francis Pereira.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 28th February, 1910.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD. 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, February 25.

Consols 2 1/2 per cent. ... ...61 3-4 unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs ...25-17 1/2—1
Bentes 3 per cent. ... ...98 3/4 unchgd
Berlin Cheques on London ...20·45 1/2unchgd
Bar Silver Spot.... ... 23 3/8—23 5/8
Do. 2 months hence. ... ...23 3/8—11-16
Closing Tone of Silver—Unsettled.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. ... 63 1-16 +1/16
Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate). ... 1-3-15
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 10th February.
3 1/2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) 96 1/2unchgd
Discount Bank Bills 3 months' sight... 2 3/8 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight 2 3/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months... 2 5/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months... 3 unchgd
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ...77·9 1/2unchgd
Interest day to-day loans ... ... 1 3-4unchgd.
Do. of day market loans ... 1 5-8 unchgd

MANCHESTER, February 25.

COTTON.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	5,000
Do Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	.....
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian ...	150
Do. Day's Imports... ...	3,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot. ...	Quiet.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Easier.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian...	Quiet but Steady.
Tone of Manchester Market.... ...	Firm.
Mid-Americans	7-32+11
Egyptian F. G. F.	15 5-16+2-16

Cotton Delivery	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
Mid Uplands	7·64	7·50	7·53	7·53	7·45
G. O. C.	+5	+8	+7	+7	+6
Liverpool	J.-A. 7·43	A.-S. 7·16	S.-O. 6·74	O.-N. 6·51	J.-F. 6·43
	+6	+5	+4	+4	+4

Sales increased yesterday by 8,000 bales.

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal	... 5 14-32
F. G. Bengal	... 5 18-32
Fine Bengal	... 5 22-32
Good Oomra	... 6 2-32
F G Oomra	... 6 6-32
Fine Oomra	... 6 10-32
Good M G Oomra	... 6 2-32
Fine M G Oomra	... 6 10-32
Good Broach	... 7 6-32
F G Broach	... 7 10-32
Fine Broach	... 7 16-32
Good Khandeish	... 5 23-32
F G Khandeish	... 6
F. G. F. Tinnevelly Liverpool G.I.F...	6 16-32
Buyers or Sellers	Sellers.
Months	Mar.-Apl.
Cocoanda Ginned C. I. F. London ...	5 31-32
G. Madras Westerns C. I. F. London ...	6 1-32

AMERICAN MARKETS.
New York, February 25.

Futures at New York .....
March 14·29 +10
Do. at New York .....
May 14·34 +8
} Declined owing to commission house liquidation and advanced on notices promptly stopped.

Spot Cotton at New York ...	14·60	+5
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 3/4	unchgd
Demand Bills	4·86 1/2	unchgd
Silver Commercial Bars ...	50 3/4—1 1/4	
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ...	14 5/8	unchgd
Tone of Spot Cotton	Firm.	
Futures at New Orleans ...	March	14·24—7
Do. at New Orleans ...	May	14·41—7
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ...	13,000	
Do. Last year	21,000	
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	8,000	
Do. Exports to Continent	7,000	
Cotton Stock in London	5,150	

LINSEED.
LONDON, February 25.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) 56
" " months, Feb.-March.
" " Ports, Antwerp.
" " Buyers, sellers, &c. Sellers.

WHEAT.

LONDON, February 25.

AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian 38 3/4
Months—Jan-Feb.
Buyers, etc. Sellers and Done.
Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 38 3/8
Do. Months—May-June.
Do. Name of Ports—Hull.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers etc.—Done.
Tone—Firmer.

SEEDS

Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 416 lbs ex-ship 40 1/4
Do. Months—Mar.-Apl.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone—Flat.
Linseed—Bombay, per 416 lbs. ex-ship... 59 1/4
Do. Months—Apr -May
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ... ... 8-9 Sellers.

FREIGHT.

Coal—Cardiff to Bombay Canal—8-6 value.

METAL.

	Rs. a. p.
Copper Braziers	...£ 70
Yellow Metal	63-16
Tin Plates J. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 Sheets per box weighing 90 lbs C. I. F. Bombay... ...	.....
Bar Iron Belgian no ordinary size F. C. S. Antwerp ...	15 5 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 guage G. O. B. 4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	12 0 0
Basic Steel Bars F. O. B. Antwerp ...	6 2 6

ARRIVALS.

"Australien"

BOMBAY, FEBRUARY 26.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened at 1s 4 1-16d. for T. T., 1s. 4 3-32d. for Demand and 1s. 4 1-4 for 3 months' sight Credits. Being mail day very little has been done.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 3-32d.
D. D. Mail ... ... 1s. 4 1/16d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4d. May.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1/8d.
Credits 3 m/s ,, ... 1s. 4 1-4d.
,, ,, Forward ... ...1s. 4 3/16d. May
,, 6 m/s Ready ... ... 1s. 4 11/32d.
Francs 3 m/s ,, ...170 1/2 to 170 3/4
Marks 3 m/s ,, ... 138 3/4 to 139
60 d/s. Hongkong 129 3/4
,, Shanghai 174 1/4
,, Japan 149 3/4
Market—Firm.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Government Paper opened at 94 5-16 per cent., improved to 94 7-16 per cent. and closed at 94 5-16 per cent., the rate for the second Settlement being 1-8 per cent. higher.

BULLION.

Local gold market was dull and prices are well maintained. Upcountry and local demand was moderate as usual.

Silver locally opened in the morning with a steadier tone and a moderate bussiness was done as usual.

We quote :—

GOLD.	Rs.	a.	p.
97 touch Fakirsett...	23	8	0
97 touch Delhi	23	7	0
National Bank	24	0	3
Chartered Bank	23	15	9
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	24	1	0

SILVER.	Rs.	a.	p.
17 1/2 Penny	66	10	0
17 Penny ready	65	9	0
Local per tola	0	10	6
First Settlement	66	10	0
Second ,, ...	66	14	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed : Quiet but steady. Home prices were down by 3d. Locally demand for ready was little and forward good prices in ready remained unchanged and one anna higher for forwards.

Rapeseed : Steady. Home prices declined by 3d. but locally enquiries for forward and ready were poor. Prices remained unchanged.

Wheat : Quiet. Home prices were up by 1-8. Business is as a standstill. Prices dull.

Gingellyseed, Mowrasseed, Poppyseed, Castorseed, Cottonseed — Market steady. Moderate business is passing for ready and forwards and prices unchanged.

Description.	Rate.
Linseed, Bold ...	...Rs.10 1
Linseed, Small ...	... ,, 9 15

RAPESEED—

Brown Cawnpore ...	...Rs. 6 8
Yellow do. ...	... ,, 7 1
Do. Gujarat ...	... ,, 7 5
Poppyseed ...	... ,, 9 10
Castorseed ...	... ,, 33 to 34
Mowrasseed... ...	... ,, 6 9
Maize	... ,, 22 to 23
Groundnuts ...	... ,, 38 to 42
Mustardseed ...	... ,, 85 to 90
Gingellyseed ...	... ,, 37 to 46
Khandesh Bowri ...	} ,, 44 to 45
Gulburga do. ...	
Kalbur do. ...	
Itarsi do. ...	
White Gin, Bold 95/5	} ,, 41 to 44
Do. do do 85/15	
Do. do. do. 75/25...	
Do. Mixed 50/50 ...	
Do. Gin, Small 50/50...	} ,, 39 to 40
Do. do. 85/15...	
Gin, Black Beaver ...	} ,, 38 to 39
Do. do. Gadag ...	
Gin Red Khandwa ...	} ,, 41 to 42
Do. Meggi ...	
Do. Yellow Hinganghat	} ,, 47 to 51
Do. do. Secunderabad	
Do. do. Gujarat	
Do. Black Kutni	} ,, 37 to 38
Do. Ahmedabad...	
WHEAT—	
Choice Pissi ...	... ,, 36 to 42
Delhi 70/30 ...	... ,, 33 to 36
Cottonseed ...	... ,, 24 to 25

BANKS.

Bombay	1,457 1-2
India	63 1-2
Indian Specie	52

MILLS.

David	367 1-2
Manockji Petit	3,190

PRESSES.

New Berar	535
New Mofussil	780
Volkart's United	655

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown & Co... ...	309
Badham Pile & Co	137
Bombay E. S. T. C Pref. ...	155
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord	302 1-2
Colaba Land & Mill	1,110
Treacher & Co	575
Bombay Burmah Trading ...	442 1/2

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Prantej	607 1-2 to 610
Tapti-Valley	455

COTTON.

Liverpool in the morning was up by 11 and New York by 5. Broach gin good opened at Rs. 320 and fine at Rs. 336, at which rates very little business was done. No opener received in the evening showed 1 less. Good Broach was quoted at Rs. 332 and fine at Rs. 338, at which rate no business has been reported. Prices all round are well maintained and mills and exporters have done a moderate business. Market steady.

The following are the purchases made to-day :—

Bales.		Rs.
200	Khangaum ...Bombay Co ...	290
300	Broach Ginned...Gaddum & Co ...	337-338
1009	Khandeish ...R D Master ...	270-277
100	Meeruj ...Phoenix Mills ...	320 1-2
100	Yeotmal ...Glade & Co ...	308
309	Methia ...Japan Cotton Trading Co	...265-268
200	Barsee (Wet) ...Madraswalla ...	304
300	Amraoti ...Volkart Bros ...	297
100	Sawginned ...Petits ...	283-334
200	Coompta ginned.. do ...	334-365

We quote :—

Bengal Hand Gin, Fine ...	258	Ready.
,, F. Good ...	244	,,
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine ...	272	,,
,, F. Good ...	257	,,
Sind Punjab Fine ...	288	,,
,, F. Good ...	283	,,
Khandesh Fine ...	277	,,
,, F. Good ...	269	,,
Amraoti Fine ...	294	,,
,, F. Good ...	286	,,
Akola Khangaum Fine ...	295	,,
,, F. Good ...	287	,,
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine ...	302	,,
,, F. Good ...	294	,,
Yeotmal Fine ...	308	,,
,, F. Good ...	300	,,
Nagpore Fine ...	315	,,
,, F. Good ...	307	,,
Wardha Hinganghat Fine ...	319	,,
,, F. Good ...	311	,,
Methia Fine ...	277	,,
,, F. Good ...	269	,,
Broach Gin Good ...	322	,,
,, Fine ...	337	Mar.
Sawginned Good ...	324	A.-M.
Coompta Ginned ...	330	,,
Westerns ,, ...	315	,,

LIVERPOOL, February 26.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	Steady.
Estimated Sales	4,000
Total Imports	6,000
Future Delivery Prices :—	
Feb.—Mar.	7·34 s
Mar.—Apr.	7·30 s
Apr.—May.	7·55—1
May—June	7·52—1
June—July	7·47—1
July—Aug.	7·42—1
Aug.—Sept.	7·15—1
Sept.—Oct.	6·74 s
Oct.—Nov.	6·54 s

FREIGHT.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp	16 0	... 16 6
Dunkirk	17 0	... 17 6
Havre	16 6	... 17 6
Hull	16 6	.....
Liverpool	16 6	... 17 0
Marseilles	16 6	... 17 0
Genoa	16 6	... 17 6
London	16 6	.....
Hamburg	16 6	... 17 6
Venice... ...	17 6	... 18 6
Open Ports ...	... March	... 16 3
Do. ...	Apr.-May	... 16 0

Market steady and rates unchanged.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Braziers 4×4	lbs. 21 28 35 42 56 68 70 77 84	}	Rs.56 6
Yellow Metal Sheets	21 28 35 42 49 56	}	Rs.46 6 ,, 46 12
Tin Ingots.	...		,, 42 0
Spelter S M ...	...	}	,, 19 6
M M ...	...		
J ...	...		
G ...	...		
Georgahutte ...	...		,, 22 10
Copper Ingots K S ...	...		,, 49 8
Copper Sheathings ...lbs.	8, 10, 12, 14		,, 62
Yellow Metal Sheathings lbs.	14, 16 10, 12	}	,, 48

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Friday, February 25.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions	Coin. Sovs. and half Sovs.	Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1 Box ...	...	8,482	...
1 do ...	...	3,000	...
30 Boxes ...	...	22,50,000	...

SILVER.

No. of Packages	Bullions.	Govt. of India Rs.	Coin. Other coin.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
2 Bundles ...	...	2,060	...
1 Bundle ...	...	1,600	...
79 Bars ...	1,49,946	...	...

Imported.	Vessels.	From.
M. Mackenzie & Co ...	Lhasa	C Mandvi
A K Hasanally Vesi & Co..	Salsette	Aden
G. Radhakisondass & Co...	do	Suez
National Bank of India ...	Himalaya	London
M. B. A. Latiff... ...	Salsette	Linga
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corp... ...	do	London

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 24th Feb. 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	57	65,664
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	63	73,378

LONDON, February 26.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... 62 +1/4
Exchange on London at Paris Fcs. 25·17 —9-1/2
Rentes 3 per cent ... ... 93 3/4 unchgd.
Berlin Cheques on London ... 20·45 1/2 unchgd
Bar Silver Spot. ... ... 23 3/8 unchgd,
Do. 2 months hence ... ... 23 3/8 unchgd.
Closing Tone of Silver ... ... Quiet.
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 per cent ... 63 1/8 + 1/16
Exchange on India 30 dst. (Bank buying rate) ... ... 1-3-15 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate 3 per cent. since 16th February, 1910.
3 1-2 per cent. Indian Stock (Sterling Loan) ... ... 96 3/4+1/4
Discount Bank Bills 3 m/s 2 1/8 unchgd.
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/s 2 3/8 unchgd
Do. Fine Trade Bills 3 months 2 5/8 unchgd.
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3 unchgd.
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... ... 77·9 1/8 unchgd.
Interest day to day loans... ... 1 3/8 unchgd.
D. of day market loans ... 1 5/8 unchgd

MANCHESTER, February 26.

COTTON.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool ...	3,000 Bales
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp	
Do. Day's Sales of East Indian	
Do. Day's Imports	6,000
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot ...	Dull.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ...	Steady.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian.	Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market	Quiet.
Mid Americans	7·32—7
Egyptian F. G. F.	15 5/16unchgd.

Cotton Delivery	F.-M.	M.-A.	A.-M.
Mid. Uplands	7·64	7·29	7·25
	unchgd.	—1	—1
	M. J.	J.-J.	J.-A.
G. O. C.	7·52	7·41	7·42
	—1	—1	—1
Liverpool	A.-S 7·14	S.-O. 6·72	O.-N. 6·53	J.-F. 6·42
	—2	—2	—1	—1

AMERICAN MARKETS.
NEW YORK, February 26.

COTTON :—
Dap's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 6,000
Do. Last year 27,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 13,000
Do. Exports to Continent... ... 2,000
Futures at New York.....
March 14·43+15 } Declined early owing to unf

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MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Sphinx...Comdr J Harvey .....Special Service vessel
R I M S Palinurus ..Comdr C S Hickman...R I Marine
R I M Northbrook...Comdr Berry .....R I Marine
H M S Fox.....Comdr Hunt .....Royal Navy
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
H J Dongola.....Comdr C L Damel... .....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Feb. 26.

Aynthia..... 694 Curtis.....F F Campbell & Co
Britannia .....1969 Hains .....Bo& H S & Co
Blake.....2896 Hill.....W& A Graham & Co
Barsby .....2482 Marsey ..Killick Nixon & Co
Braunfels.....3558 Schmidt.....W & A G & Co
City of Vienna...29 6 Greenham.....B & P S N & Co
Dumra .....162 Manlay..... .....M M & Co
Ethelwynne... 20-6 Heash ..... Ralli Bros
Egypt...4175 Summers...London ..12-3...P & O S N Co
Gisela .....2680 Nicolick.....A L S N Co
Handerhall.....2858 Lawes.....Killick Nixon & Co
Himalaya.....3700 Spicer .....P & O S N Co
Linga .....951 Rothwell.....M M & Co
Imaam .....2704 Weydehl.....K Nixon &Co
Madura.....1273 Bamber.....M M & Co
Naseri .....911 Miere.....B & P S N & Co
Nadir.....2941 Bird.....T Morrison& Co
Oceana .....3507 Bruce.....P & O S N Co
Pearlmoor.....2576 Moffett.....T Morrison & Co
Shah Navaz.....2522 Mitchell.....B & H S N Co
Salsette.....2391 Hayward .....P & O S N & Co
Springburn ...3173 Crosthwaite...W& A Graham& Co
South Atlantic...2284 Pickers .W & A Graham & Co
Wardha.....2552 Archdeacon .....M M & Co
Wistow Hall.....2139 Meria.....Killick Nixon & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Feb. 26.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
A Clan Lindsay	2499	Harris	Genoa	11-3	James Finlay & Co
B Trafford Hall	3431	Hood	Liverpool	2-3	Killick
C&R Alala	2041	Griffiths	Hamburg	5-3	W& A Graham & Co
D&E Clan Farquhar	3757	Wadge	Dunkirk	1-3	James Finlay & Co
F Glenesk	2093	Hurst	Antwerp	1-3	Killick Nixon & Co
G Hooseinee	9 -8	Hughes	Persian Gulf	N F	B and P S N & Co
M Imani	2979	Penbirthy	Kobe	8-3	Killick Nixon & Co
N Torrington	3619	Widdess	Hull	4-3	W & A Graham & Co
Q Shah Ameer	1921	Pigot	F F	N F	B & H S N& Co

H W P D

Netravati	699	Cassam	(repairing)	Bo S N & Co Ld	
Satrunji	547	Esmail	N F	N F	Bo S N & Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	N F	N F	Bo S N & Co Ld

H W V D

hasa	950	MacDiarmid	Karachi	25-2	M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Avala	2385	Lamb	Antwerp	5-3	W & A Graham & Co
4 Africa	2365	Sebrricko	Trieste	1-3	A L S NCo
5 Hillfern	2776	William	Dunkirk	5-3	W & A Graham & Co
8 Inchmoor	2214	Jenkin	Antwerp	3-3	W & A Graham & Co
10 & 11 Devanha	4785	Powell	Shanghai	2-3	P & O S N Co
16 Broadwater	2466	N F	Liverpool	26-2	T Morrison & Co

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	From
26	Brawnfels s	Schmidt	Hamburg, Jan. 22
	Linga s	Rothwell	Karachi, Feb. 24
	Fultala s	Reddock	Rangoon

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
26	Schoenfels s	Rode	Hamburg
	Gastein s	Cheraich	Trieste
	Caledonia s	Hayward	London
	Singa s	Nelson	Rangoon
	City of York s	Wilson	Karachi
	Heim s	Eriksen	Tuticorin
	Fazilka s	Jones	Rangoon

The following vessel began to load on Saturday.
Steamer Himalaya for China.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels	Names	From
23	Katherine Apcar	C F Hudson	Hongkong
	Ethiopia	J V Le Grand	Chittagong
	Kendaura	A G Abott	Tondi
	Montgomeryshire	J Montader	Liverpool

DEPARTURES.

24	Malta	G M Montford	London and Dundee
	Zoroaster	F Wickham	Bombay
	Werdenfels	C Schmidt	H'burg and B'men
	Skerries	G J Perks	Australia
	Kingsway	Griffiths	Karachi

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel	From
24	Pagenturn	Antwerp

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Ischia from Hongkong left Singapore on the 25th instant for Penang and Colombo.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 27th February 1910.
(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time Occupied in Transmission Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...
Teheran	27	13	15	1	25
Suez	27	13	15	1	32

NOTICES.

Cable Asaab Perim interrupted. Telegrams for Erythrea and Abyssinia are forwarded via Suakim, Kassala without additional charge (19-11-09).

Cable Perim Obock interrupted. (22-2-10).

Bhamo route to China interrupted between Tali and Tsuyung. (26 2 10).

Turkish route interrupted beyond Bassora. (26-2-10).

Communication with Persian offices Ahvaz and Mohammerah interrupted. Telegrams being posted from Borazjoon (11-11-09.)

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TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
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and others.
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GREAVES COTTON & CO.,
Electrical Engineers and Contractors,
BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.
Monday, 28th February 1910

LEPROSY IN THE MIDDLE AGES.

No study of England in the Middle Ages can be made without coming upon the records of that most unfortunate of the sons of man, the leper, and notes of the provision made in the lazar-homes for keeping him apart from his luckier fellows. Ruins of many of these sad monuments still exist in different parts of England. Mr. W. S. Sparrow contributes to the *Antiquary* a review of the condition of the leper and of the laws that strictly defined his conduct of a miserable life. These laws cannot by any stretch of imagination be said to have erred on the side of mercy for the striken leper; they were made rather to protect the healthy from the danger of contracting the disease. The physicians of the time do not seem to have harboured many doubts as to the infectious nature of leprosy, or, if they did, the leper did not get the benefit of them. Segregation from the sight or touch of the healthy was the decree that went out against him. He could never forget the degradation to which his condition condemned him, for he was bound to warn luckier men of his approach by ringing a clapper, so that all in the road might get out of his weary way. Thus, for many long years, lepers were looked on as outcasts to be dreaded as well as shunned. The State did nothing to alleviate their sufferings, and even went so far as to deprive them of all rights in property. The Church interfered, it is true, to put an end to such pitiless treatment, but it was not until the clergy founded lazar-halls for their reception that any mitigation of their terrible lot took place. Lanfranc, Archbishop of Canterbury, was the first to open one of these refuges outside that city's gates. Here lepers were housed and treated by skilled attendants. Later Canterbury provided a second lazar-hall and both were occupied and managed by monks. Queen Matilda, wife of Henry I, was so compassionate towards lepers, that she washed and even kissed their feet. Henry II and his Queen followed her example as far as a yearly washing of the feet went, but the robust Edward III. drove lepers out of London and all its villages, affixed his Great Seal to a decree, ordering that lepers should be housed in the fields away from the healthy. Gatekeepers were bound on oath not to permit them to enter, and any one harbouring a leper, *de facto* lost his house. This variance in treatment bewildered the lepers and, though some chose the shelter and safe monotony of the lazar-home, others preferred to take the chances of a tramp's life, though such a choice was made doubly onerous by the law that insisted on the use of the noisy clapper.

For the leper who elected to enter a hospice, the prospect was no less disheartening. He said a formal good-bye to the world and its joys, put on his leper's dress, took his cup and clapper, and some poor furniture and was then led by the priest, after due exhortation to prayer and patience, to the Church, where a very solemn burial service was read over him, amid all the gloomy trappings that denoted death, while the prayers of the people were offered up to Heaven for the doomed man. The ceremonial over, the poor wretch followed the priest, the very last of a procession to the lazar, or to the hut in a wood, as might be selected for his last home, and there he was given the tenlawe he must strictly keep for the rest of his life, each one of which meant renunciation of all the possible occasions that might bring him in contact with his more fortunate fellow-men. Stern as those laws were, they were an attempt to better the leper's lot and lazar homes rose fast in Great Britain, for by the end of the fourteenth century, 130 of the institutions were built. The best of these was that at Sherburn, founded by Bishop Pudsey in 1181. The hospital formed a large quadrangle and was well-endowed with corn-lands and pasture. The male patients occupied the west side, the women the south, both had separate chapels and separate common-rooms. Great peat fires were kept up all the winter, from St Michael's Day to Easter and there were plenty of Yule logs for Christmas. On feast-days the patients had two courses for dinner. Food was abundant and good bread and beer was daily fare, meat three times a week, butter, cheese, fish or eggs, (three a-piece) on the other four days, and vegetables always. A goose and apples were luxuries appropriated to the great feasts, which were also marked by treats of variety in food. Bishop Pudsey saw to the excellence of all the fare rather more effectually than County Councillors now attend to the dinner-tables of the British nation. The good Bishop, believing that the afflicted inmates would be better and happier for having some occupation, ordained that they should do the domestic work of the house varied with copious religious exercises. Those too ill to attend the devotions in the chapels sat up on their mattresses and prayed and those still weaker just raised up their hearts to the Creator. These helpless ones were ministered to by nurses and the chaplains attended them on Sundays and feasts. If death seemed imminent a long candle or a fire was lighted in the sick-room to lessen the gloom and the loneliness.

The wise Bishop arranged for baths at a time when the healthy never dreamed of such trials or luxuries, there were rules for a frequent change of linen and for a periodical washing and purification of everything used. The straw and rushes for the floors were changed often, a regular supply being provided at stated times. A tailor and a washerman were on the premises, shoes were budgeted for and grease to clean them. Once a year pocket money, that would nowadays amount to three guineas, was distributed. The Bishop did not approve of extravagance or vain-glory in the provost or head of the establishment and limited his stable to three horses. All lazar homes were not as well planned and governed as this, but the disease did gradually diminish under their influence and it has been unknown for many decades in Great Britain. Mr. Sparrow does not discuss the origin of leprosy, though he believes that its spread was favoured by the horrible condition of diet in which the people were content to live, and by the fact that for half the year the national diet was salt fish and salt meat. Its prevalence in Europe is attested by the fact that 22,000 lazar houses were built and endowed there. These monuments, proofs of the noble charity that tried to lighten the drama of sorrow, lived through by the victims of a disease that changed the finest human form and face into an object of terror, were erected by the people of the Middle Ages, who are so often considered to have been sentimental and ignorant, careless of life's mysteries and oblivious of its duties. Though the laws against the free circulation of lepers, proclaimed in different European States, were strict, they were often ineffective, and had to be enacted again and again. Large numbers of lepers managed to elude the vigilance of the public and led a wandering life. We even read of processions of lepers making pilgrimages to sacred shrines in the vain hope of a miraculous cure. These excursions made it necessary to reinforce the old laws with new, until the adoption of a more wholesome national diet, the extension of lazar homes and the good treatment and segregation practised there, brought about amelioration in the awful lot of the leper and a surcease of the curse of leprosy in Britain and Europe.

A Boon for Housewives. The scope of the work of the Royal Society of Arts is exceedingly wide and a perusal of the *Journal* each week gives the reader a vast amount of miscellaneous information which would be difficult to obtain elsewhere. The current issue contains among other things an account of a paper read before the Society on a new method of electro-plating. The majority of people know the general idea of electro-plating but few probably have ever troubled to study the process from a scientific side. This is not the place for such details, but Mr. Rosenberg, who read the paper, had some surprisingly interesting things to say before he came to his point, that it was possible to do electro-plating with a simple powder rubbed on with a rag. That the process is a good one was vouched for on the authority of no less eminent a person than Professor Silvanus Thompson, and one speaker described it as epoch-making—though there were others who remained sceptical. The idea is that if the powder contains certain ingredients the action of moisture will set up electrolytic action and the particular metallic salt which forms the basis of the powder will be fixed upon the metal surface on which it is rubbed—and this applies equally to nickel which is an exceedingly difficult metal to work with under the ordinary process. Few persons will desire to set up in the business of rubbing a powder on metal and so being electroplaters, but that is what a good many people will probably become. The majority of "plate powders" which are sold have a mercuric salt as the base and this when rubbed on metal deposits the mercury as a metal giving a fictitious bright surface which rapidly dulls. Mr. Rosenberg's system is exactly the same except that any metal can be deposited whilst cleaning the surface and the deposit is permanent. The advantage is, therefore, that instead of wearing away the surface of, say, a spoon, by cleaning it, the plating is made thicker by the even deposit which is made and should the old plating have worn through, the damage can be repaired with a little rubbing. This should be very good news for housewives, especially as the inventor held out hopes that the powder would be cheap to manufacture.

The Expected Crisis. A crisis is expected to-day in Parliament after Mr. Asquith has outlined his policy. That his policy would not be altogether that the electors were promised went without saying. His followers—or many of them—fully understood this and judiciously held their peace. But now that they have returned to office, but not to power, they are entirely at the mercy of those they might have expected to support them or dependant on the good-will of their opponents. The Liberal leaders recognise the impossibility of fulfilling their electionering promises. Had they their former majority they would probably have attempted such fulfilment. As it is one section clamours for first consideration and another for nothing short of its pound of flesh. So the Government is on the rocks. The appeal for fair play is timely. And the remark of a contemporary that Government had better go than live miserably and discreditably is not out of place. But it would better serve the interests of both great parties that another appeal should be deferred a little while longer that the constituencies may have a further opportunity of considering the vast interests which are at stake. Mr. Asquith is wise in deferring his scheme for the reform of the Lords, for whatever it may be, the matter had better be left to the Lords themselves. Whatever may be the result of to-day's proceedings in Parliament, there can be little doubt the Liberal Party will find itself further disintegrated and the task of the Cabinet will become more arduous, even if the Conservatives, to facilitate business, support the Government against its own recalitrant disciples.

Teak and Malaria. Bombay has its troubles in regard to fighting malaria, but it has been suggested that Burma has one which is insurmountable. The proposition put forward is that teak forests are particularly prolific breeding grounds of mosquitoes. We are unable to see on what basis the suggestion is made, but since malaria must be fought and conquered every suggestion is worthy of some consideration. In this particular instance there should be no difficulty in making an investigation, for the Burma Forest Service can supply more than enough information to allow of a judgment being formed. This is the channel which seems likely to be used, but in advance one may look at the probabilities. Teak is not by any means confined to swampy areas, and any one who cares to go into the Bombay forests will find that teak is fond of high ground which is necessarily dry. That it grows in damp places no one will deny, but the fault would seem to lie rather with the locality than the kind of tree. It has, in fact, been suggested that teak forests are particularly healthy, except when they happen to be in swampy areas. Altogether there does not seem to be much ground for the indictment of teak, but the investigation is so simple that it should be made.

The Secretary of State for India has appointed Mirza Ali Abbas Baig, Member of the Council of India, in succession to Mr. Bilgrami resigned for reasons of health.

On the 25th instant Gulsadin, a notorious Madd Khel outlaw, was shot dead in Idak by sowars attached to the Naib Tahsildar, Tochi.

The Amir of Kabul has been touring recently in Khugiani and Shinwari country, where various tribal Jirgas have met him. He will now probably visit Dakka before returning to Jellalabad.

Colonel Davies, Commissioner of the Jullundur Division, has laid the foundation stone at the Faridkot and Davies Model Agricultural Farm and Farmers' House, designed by Sardar Bahadur Dayal Singh, President of the Council of Regency, to aim at bringing home to agriculturists the manifold advantages of modern improved methods of cultivation.

At Saturday's meeting of the Lahore Municipal Committee it was resolved in view of about 50 to 60 plague cases having occurred in the city in the last two months that rattraps and disinfecting materials be supplied to public free of charges and calling upon the public to report every case coming to their knowledge.

The marriage of Mr. C. A. Souter, I.C.S., and Miss Charlotte Dorothy Jesson will take place in London in April.

The engagement is announced between Charles Godfrey Chenevix Trench, I.C.S., second son of Colonel Charles Chenevix Trench, late R.A., of Broomfield, Camberley, and Margaret May, eldest daughter of John H. Blakesley, C.E., of Woodlynch, Kew Gardens.

Having obtained from the Corporation the lease of a new enclosure, the Notts County Football Club directors have approved of the plans which will provide one of the largest grounds in the Midlands with accommodation for nearly 40,000 spectators.

An engagement is announced between Major A. W. Hooper D.S.O., Royal Army Medical Corps, eldest son of Dr. and Mrs. Hooper, of Heatherley, Sidcup, and Amy Harriet, younger daughter of the late Sir B. T. Brandreth Gibbs and of Lady Brandreth Gibbs, of 229 Cromwell Road. The marriage will take place shortly after Easter.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

AUSTRIA AND RUSSIA.

Balkan Unrest.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, February 12.

The negotiations in relation to an Austro-Russian rapprochement are largely discussed in the Press, although they have not yet been entered upon. For this reason a communique has been published from an authoritative quarter in the "Politische Correspondenz" declaring that the suppositions which are circulating in the Press regarding an Austro-Russian understanding "are much too prematurely conceived." The communique proceeds: "An inclination towards offering the hand for a renewal of the former nearer relations exists on both sides, and this feeling in itself indicates a relaxation of the tension which has hitherto existed. It would, however, be going too far to assert that the concession of certain premises on the part of one Cabinet was to be considered as the preliminary to a detente and the attainment of an understanding. The restoration of common ideas in both States respecting Balkan policy can only be attained on the basis of similar mutual explanations and assurances."

By this declaration Count Aehrenthal gives it to be understood that the assurances which can lead to a commencement of negotiations appear on his part to be exeluded. Well-informed persons assert that the final result of the negotiations will culminate in a common protocol. This is the utmost that can be expected under the present relations of M. Isvolsky and Count Aehrenthal. It is, however, always possible on the occasion of the approaching visit of Count Aehrenthal to Berlin that he may be influenced to prepare for a permanent improvement in the relations of Austria and Russia. The report of the journey of the Heir-Presumptive, the Archduke Franz Ferdinand, to St. Petersburg is officially contradicted.

In an article on Austro-Russian relations the "Neues Wiener Tagblatt" says: "With regard to numerous discussions in the "Press on the present position of relations between Austria-Hungary and Russia, and statements often given out in a definite form as to the prospects of the action initiated with a view to bringing about a rapprochement between the two countries, a certain amount of reserve cannot be too strongly recommended. However gratifying may be the efforts which are at work in this direction, for the moment we cannot go beyond the fact that the matter is only in the very first stage. It is further to be noted that it is a complete misconception of the situation to represent it as if, for the purpose of producing a detente, declarations on Balkan policy to be made by Austria-Hungary alone were either necessary or expected. The object in view, of course, is rather to render the relations between the two empires more friendly and trustful on the basis of full reciprocity."

The following appeared in the semi-official "Fremdenblatt," on Saturday:—"In their conversation Count Aehrentha and Dr. Milovanovitch, Servian Foreign Minister, availed themselves of the opportunity of discussing the Balkan situation as affected by the tension in the relations between Greece and Turkey. The two Ministers also discussed in the most friendly spirit the questions of a politico-commercial character pending between Austria-Hungary and Servia."

Referring to the reported negotiations for a Russo-Austrian rapproachement, the "Stamp" announces that the Servian Government was disagreeably surprised at the announcement, and begged the Russian Government not to sacrifice Servian interests. The Russian Government, says the journal, has made a favourable reply.

POWERS AND CRETE.

To-day the Balkan outlook appears less bright. Yesterday's report that the British and French Ambassadors had intimated to the Grand Vizier that the Protecting Powers would prevent the sending of Cretan Deputies to Athens, is to-day officially denied in a telegram from the Turkish Government. It is explained in Turkish official circles that the statement of the two Ambassadors was premature, as neither the Russian nor the Italian Cabinet has yet forwarded instructions to its representative at Constantinople. This unexpected incident has caused an unpleasant impression in Turkish circles.

To-day the Vienna Press comments on the Turkish official notification as follows: "The 'Neus Wiener Tagblatt' remarks that official Ottoman circles appear disappointed, and inclined to the view that the Protecting Powers fail to sympathise with the standpoint taken up by the Turks on the Cretan affair."

The "New Freie Presse" which scents British influence as the secret motive power in every action, writes in its evening issue: "It is impossible to overlook the fact that England especially proceeds in the Cretan affair unwillingly and is only incited to energy by the force of circumstances, as she fears that decided action in favour of Turkey would cause ill-humour in Greece and increase the danger for the dynasty. Consequently forward action in Constantinople is for the present postponed, as the reports from the Consuls in Crete on the reception of the Powers' resolutions in the island must be awaited. At the same time, the report is again launched to the world that Italy will summon a Cretan Conference to Rome in the spring."

In well-informed diplomatic circles the fears expressed in the Vienna Press of the Cretan question assuming a serious aspect are not shared.

POWERS' AGREEMENT.

M. Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, made a very interesting statement at Saturday's Cabinet Council. His proposals to the Russian, English, and Italian Governments concerning the measures to be adopted to prevent complications between Greece and Turkey have resulted in an entente, and will be notified officially to the Cretan Executive Committee. M. Pichon added that the assurances given at Constantinople and Athens led to the removal of all anxiety on the subject.

The Constantinople correspondent of the "Temps" said:—

"A detente has occurred in Turkey's relation with Greece owing to the assurances given by the new Greek Cabinet of its desire to be on the best of terms with Turkey. The Turkish Embassies to the Foreign Powers have moreover, informed the Porte that the Protecting Powers will maintain Turkey's sovereign right over Crete, will not permit the sending of the Cretan deputies to Athens and will if necessary disembark troops in Crete."

So matters are rapidly improving. O... Saturday evening the "Journal des Debat... has an important article on the situatio... in which it expresses the hope that ... Pichon will continue firmly on the path wh...

he has taken, and deliver the civilised world from the Cretan nightmare. As long as the threat of Cretan participation in the legislative work of the Greeks weighs upon Europe the position will be full of danger. The deference of Athens to the advice of the Powers depends solely on the state of affairs in the Balkans. If the Greco-Cretans see the smallest chance of combining with one of the Balkan countries at a moment when Turkey is in an embarrassed situation, they will go ahead. It would be extremely imprudent to allow them to await that moment.

There is a very simple way of proving the sincerity of their present assurances. According to the Greek Constitution, the elections to the Chamber of Deputies should very soon take place. Let these elections come off at the legal date and let the Greeks in the kingdom be called upon to express their opinion in a regular manner. If the Cretans insist upon electing deputies their ports will be immediately re-occupied. And the occupation should last until the status of the island is settled, as the Porte justly desires. When the Cretans perceive that the Protecting Powers are firm and united they will give way in spite of their noisy protestations—indeed they will yield all the more readily, as they will realise that their interests compel them to do so. Regular elections in Greece, and the drawing up an application of a Cretan statute under the control of the Powers, are the necessary conditions of the restoration of normal life in the East, and until these conditions are fulfilled peace will be at the mercy of an incident.

TURKISH DEMANDS.

The Cretan question continues to pursue the entente Powers with fateful persistence, for no sooner is the Greek aspect of the danger laid than the Turkish features of it come into unpleasant prominence. According to advices from Constantinople, the Porte is now adopting an attitude on the subject which bids fair to embarrass the Powers quite as seriously as the position hitherto taken up by the Cretans. The Turkish Minister for Foreign Affairs refuses to take advantage of the time for deliberation and action which the convocation of the National Assembly bestows on the Protecting Powers. If the Cretans abstain from steps calculated to give acute actuality to the problem, and to force on an immediate solution, the Turkish Government will bring it to a point, and insist on a definite settlement.

The Porte views with concern any delay, because it can but strengthen the hand of the Cretans, especially now that their sagacious leader, M. Venizelos, has acquired paramount influence in Greece. It will, therefore, press upon the Protecting Powers its wish and resolve to put an end to the present unsettled state of affairs, which leaves the door open for most mischievous contingencies.

Turkish contention is that Crete to-day occupies a position unknown to international law, being neither independent, because it theoretically acknowledges allegiance to the Sultan, nor autonomous, because it practically recognises the away of the King of Greece. Turkey, therefore, asks for a clear definition of the islanders' international status, and insists on being shaped in accordance with the solemn promises given by the Powers to the Porte twelve years ago, and repeated on several occasion since then.

It is contended that if Turkey's claim to sovereign rights be allowed, she may justly set about exercising them. The grounds on which the Powers interfered between her and the Cretans thirteen years ago have, they maintain, disappeared. Turkey is now a Constitutional State whose Christian subjects are politically and socially equal to the Moslems. It is urged that the Powers which proclaim their sympathy with the new regime cannot continue to keep Turkey out of her rights in Crete without denying their professions. Turkey's treatment of Crete will, it is promised, be all the more generous in that the confidence of the Powers will put her on her mettle. She will confer autonomous powers on the island ungrudgingly, render the Christians and Moslems equal, and create an Eastern Finland of which Ottoman subjects can be proud.

But before those changes can be affected th... Powers must undo what has been provisional... done since 1898 and restore Crete to its ... mittedly lawful suzerain. If Turkey's rig... were questionable and questioned, this dema... would be pointless, but as the Powers ostens... tiously recognise the suzerainty let the... adjust their acts to their words, and show th... they mean what they say. Not only must t... island be given back, but the claim of ... suzerain to keep order there must, it is arg... be admitted. The right vested in K... George to appoint the Commissioner ... therefore, have to be withdrawn, and ... present Commissioner, M. Zaimis, who ... no intention of returning to Crete, mus... induced to resign. The Greek sub... employed in the gendarmerie, the militi... administration of justice, the post, ar... telegraphs, will have to be superse... Cretans.

Those are the main features of the c... demanded by the Porte, whose resolve t... things to a definite issue is becoming ... and more apparent. The Powers are natu... anxious to maintain the "status quo" and ... unwilling to acquiesce in such modification ... it as would whittle away the rights at present enjoyed by the islanders. The Turks, however, are utterly mistaken if they imagine that any such changes could be accomplished without bloodshed or maintained without a system of coercion, which the Protecting Powers could not brook.

CONDEMNED BULGARIANS.

The trial, before the special court-martial at Salonika, of the Bulgarian band-leader Dinka, who was captured with his band in November last, has now been brought to a close. Some fifty persons in all were implicated, feither as members of the band or as sympathisers and auxiliaries. Eight of them have been condemned to death, several others to terms of imprisonment varying from two to fifteen years, while twenty-eight have been acquitted.

The me... death were accused ... of having ... Bulgarian villagers, ... and in a ... re guilty of armed ... rebellion ... rnment, so that their ... sentence ... surprise. A good deal ... of sym... felt for two of their ... numbe... schools and a school-... master... have exercised a re... strain... r the band. The execution ... a time when infinitely ... wor... Sandansky and Panitza, ... the ... sing "Turcophil" Bul... gari... rted and caressed by the ... aut... ly fail to lead to a fresh ... out... rkish excitement in Bul... gar...

...avy League has succeeded ...g the Musulman popula... in ... of enthusiasm, which non... in... fain to imitate with as good ... can command. A sum of ... ready to have been subscribed ... From all sides come reports ... civil and military, surrender... ...alary to help the good work. A ...ular monthly subscriptions is ...d, and steps are being taken to ...tions on the whole Islamic world. ...Caliph's fleet.

(Concluded on page 6.)

THE POLITICAL SITUATION.

ADDRESS ADOPTED.

Europeans and Sedition in India.

MR. ASQUITH'S POLICY TO BE DECLARED.

EARLY APPEAL TO THE COUNTRY POSIBLE.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 25.

Mr. Fitzherbert, Unionist, will oppose Colonel Seely.

A supplementary Navy estimate of £689,100 is announced.

In the House of Commons the Address was adopted without a division this evening. A prolonged Cabinet meeting was held and afterwards there was an informal meeting of Ministers in the House.

The Lobbies are filled with rumours, most of them gloomy. There is even a talk o resignation, but it is wholly unconfirmed.

In the House of Commons, Sir William Bull asked why, if the importation of seditious literature into India was prohibited, European visitors were allowed without hindrance to deliver speeches corresponding to that literature.

Mr. Montagu said that he was unaware of the existence of such a state of things. Law with regard to sedition in India applies to Indians and Europeans alike, and there is no reason to suppose the Government of India apply different standards.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

Mr. Asquith was received in audience by the King and afterwards attended a prolonged Cabinet meeting.

LATER.

There is a general expectation that the crisis will come to a head on Monday, when Mr. Asquith will outline his policy.

There is a consensus of opinion that the Government yesterday changed their policy, deciding to postpone the scheme for the reform of the House of Lords and to concentrate on the Veto, thus appeasing the Radicals and the Extremists.

The Nationalists, however, a re dissatisfied at the refusal to place the Veto resolutions before the Budget.

There is a possibility of the Unionists saving the Government in the event of a hostile Nationalist vote.

The Irish League has decided not to support Mr. Wedgwood Benn or any Government candidate, unless the Government, before introducing the Budget, seek guarantees for the passage of the anti-veto measures this year as the condition of remaining in office, but the Radical papers declare that the Irish in St. George's in the East will support Mr. Benn in spite of the Irish League.

The *Daily News* hints at possible Cabinet changes as the result of the abandonment of the House of Lords' reform scheme.

The *Nation* and the *Daily News* advocate a referendum on the subject of the Veto, before the proposals are submitted to the House of Lords as the only way out of the deadlock.

The *Morning Leader* says that the Government is seriously contemplating a referendum. The Unionist papers are jubilant over this change of front, which, they declare, will facilitate the House of Lords' own reform scheme.

The Cabinet meeting yesterday lasted three hours, after which Mr. Asquith left the town for the week-end. It is believed that, as a result of the interview with the King, Mr. Asquith will issue a statement on Monday on the lines of the change of policy heralded this morning.

It is not doubted that Mr. Asquith represented to the King, and to his colleagues, the impossibility of proceeding at present with the proposals for the reconstruction of the House of Lords.

The talk of a referendum is not taken too seriously. There are persistent rumours in London that the Red mondites will vote against Monday's motion.

The *Westminster Gazette* appeals for fair play for Government, and says that the Government had better go than live miserably and discreditably.

Mr. Henderson, speaking at Bishop Auckland, said that the Labourites were most emphatic in repudiating the Government proposal to reconstitute the House of Lords. He thought the situation could be saved, but they must take the Veto Bill first and no resolutions.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 27.

The Hon. E. S. Montagu, Under-Secretary for India, speaking at Cambridge last night, said that an early appeal to the country was inevitable.

INDIANS IN NATAL.

Mr Gokhale's Resolution.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

A telegram from Pietermaritzburg states that the Ministers do not believe that the Imperial Government will sanction the measure for prohibiting Indian immigration into Natal. The Imperial Government's enquiry will prove the allegations of the improper treatment to be false.

THE FRENCH FLOODS.

Enormous Losses.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

The Seine is expected to reach its maximum in Paris to-morrow.

The loss and damage in thirty Departments is provisionally estimated at £3,000,000. The losses in real and personal property in Paris are estimated at £2,000,000.

CHINA AND TIBET.

England Demands Assurances.

DETAILS OF DALAI LAMA'S FLIGHT.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

LONDON, FEBRUARY 25.

Reuter wires from Peking that the Chinese are much perturbed at the news from Tibet and are especially annoyed at the flight of the Dalai Lama. It is pointed out that the troops were sent to Lhasa to strengthen the garrison, protect trade and maintain China's sovereignty.

An Edict deposes the Dalai Lama, accuses him of disobedience, intrigue and refusal of tribute, and provides for the selection of a successor.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

Advices from Peking, received via New York, state that Great Britain has made friendly representations to the Waiwupu on the subject of Great Britain's concern at the situation in Tibet with reference to the maintenance of peace and order in the border States and on the frontiers, and has asked China to state her policy and intentions.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 26.

Mr. Wang Di, who has been representing Tibetan interests in Calcutta since December, will probably proceed to Darjeeling to meet the Dalai Lama.

DARJEELING, FEBRUARY 28.

Authentic details regarding the flight of the Dalai Lama from Lhasa are now available. It appears that the Lama returned to Patala three months ago, and with the consent of the Chinese Government entered the Debong monastery and took charge of affairs. Things went on smoothly for a month, but trouble began with the Dalai Lama's remonstrance with the Amban over Chinese excesses in the Szechuan province, who had been killing Lamas and sacking the monasteries. Remonstrance brought to a head the whole question of the respective positions of the Amban and the Dalai Lama. The Amban said that Tibet had been proclaimed a Chiness province, he, therefore was the sole judge of what methods were expedient in dealing with the frontier rebels. The Dalai Lama quoted a letter of authority given him at Pekin. Bitterness was accentuated by the intrigues of the Debong faction which induced the Amban to believe that the Dalai Lama was unpopular in Tibet, and it is believed that a crisis finally arose over a smaller matter as to whether the Amban or the Dalai Lama had the right to nominate an Abbot of Sera monastery.

Since the withdrawal of the British, the Chinese have been drafting troops into Tibet, and at the time of the Dalai Lama's entrance, the cantonment contained 2,500 trained soldiers armed with magazine rifles and in smart blue uniforms. A battery of artillery was also on its way. The Amban finally said he would move these soldiers into Lhasa itself if the Dalai Lama persisted in his demands. The Dalai Lama, who was supported by Shapes, said that in that case the inhabitants of Lhasa would fight. The Amban immediately ordered his troops to move. They entered Lhasa by the eastern road and were opposed by some companies of Lamas, who hastily enrolled under the title of the golden soldiers; a fierce struggle is reported to have taken place in the market place, but the badly armed golden solders were shot down and there was much bloodshed. In the meanwhile, the Dalai Lama, with three Shapes and sixty retainers fled from the back gate of the Patala. The Tibetans are greatly incensed at the treatment of the Dalai Lama. Mr. Bell, Political Officer of Sikkim, is on his way to meet the Lama at Kalimpong.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

Effect on the Silver Market.

PRESS OPINIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEBRUARY 25.

The Indian Budget has depressed silver.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

The *Daily Telegraph* in an article says that not since the Indian Mints were closed in 1893 has the silver market received such a bombshell as the announcement of the increase in duty. The article says that it is not thought that the increase would ultimately lessen considerably the consumption of silver in the bazaars, but for the moment certain disorganisation is inevitable and the price will probably be unduly depressed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 26.

The Budget on the whole met with a fair reception. The *Englishman* regrets that the salt duty is not increased and that the Indian drinker of whisky and the cigarette smoker should be mulcted to benfit John Chinaman to leave the opium habit.

The *Daily News* welcomes the assurance of economy.

The *Statesman* regard the new taxes generally unobjectionable, but the duty on silver will affect a considerable class of Indians and the tax on oil will add to the cost of living.

The *Bengalee* supports the tax imported on tobacco and liquor, but protests against the duty on petroleum.

CRICKET IN SOUTH AFRICA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, FEBRUARY 26.

A telegram from Johannesburg states that in the third Test match the South Africans made 144 for four wickets. A thunderstorm interrupted the play.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

LONDON FEBRUARY 26.

At Rugby football, Scotland beat Ireland by 14 to nil at Belfast.

THE INDIA COUNCIL.

New Mahomedan Member.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 27.

The Secretary of State has appointed Mr. Mirza Abas Ali Baig, Dewan of Junagadh State, to be a Member of the Council of India in succession to Mr Syed Hussain Bilgrami.

THE MUSSOORIE MURDER CASE.

Death Sentence Passed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 26.

At to-day's sitting of the Court Mr. Justice Richards summed up the case to the jury. He dwelt on the most important points in the case, the possession by accused of 17 sovereigns at the time of his arrest when the evidence of Mr. and Mrs. Ling, Taylor and Buchkee Mull showed that he had not with him enough cash, his inability to give a satisfactory explanation of his passing the night to the 31st August and the 2 pairs of combinations which accused said had been sold to him by deceased. The summing up lasted about two hours. The jury then retired, but within a quarter of an hour returned and said that they were not unanimous, six being for guilty, and the Judge agreeing with the verdict of the majority sentenced the prisoner to death.

DACOITIES IN EASTERN BENGAL.

The Rajendrapur Train Case.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, FEBRUARY 26.

Of the five accused in the Rajendrapur train dacoity case, the four already mentioned have been discharged for want of evidence. Only Surendra Charkravarti, arrested at Habigunj, has been sent up. The case comes up on the 3rd March.

The appeal of Promotha Mukherji bound down by the Magistrate for Rs. 10,000 for a year has been admitted by the District Judge. The case of Tarani Mukerji, arrested in Munshiganj in connection with the Rajnagore dacoity has been fixed for the 7th March.

A rumour is afloat that one Lalmohan, an absconder of the Barrah dacoity case, has been arrested and put into the lock-up.

MRS. BESANT AND THE BENARES COLLEGE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEBRUARY 26.

Mrs. Annie Besant has addressed the following letter to the *Madras Mail* :—"Under the benign rule of our much respected Government I do not think you will risk prosecution if you publish the following. When to my amazement I heard that my appeal to the Government and to Europeans was considered to be liable to prosecution, I wrote at once to Mr. Streatfield, Collector of Benares, to say that I alone was responsible for it and sent him a copy when I heard that the C. H. College had been threatened and that its patrons, the ruling Princes of India were to be called on to dissociate themselves from my appeal I wrote to His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces informing him that I alone was responsible. Will you allow me to say that no patron or member of the Managing Committee knew anything about this appeal until they may have seen it in the magazine, save the gentleman who kindly acted as sub-editor in my absence and he had no power to exclude or alter it. It would therefore be most unfair if any blame fell on the College or on any official save myself alone. There is no more reason for asking any of these gentlemen to dissociate themselves from my appeal than for asking them to dissociate themselves from my condemnation of the propaganda of violence made in the hall of the C. H. C. and repeated at a public meeting in Calcutta a few weeks ago. If one of these is prosecutable so is the other. I was warned that I risked my condemnation of outrage and I am warned that I risk prosecution in my condemnation of insult. Be it so. But in either case the penalty of my outspokeness should fall on myself alone. I should have remained silent had I alone been attacked as I have no wish to embarrass the Government to which I am warmly loyal. I had far rather suffer injustice than add to its cares, but when the C. H. College is attacked I must speak out."

MISHAP ON THE EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SARA, FEBRUARY, 26.

At ten minutes past twelve to-day 13 empty trucks of an up ballast train were derailed and capsized at Nasarapur, two stations from Sanlahar Junction, on the Bogra Branch due, it is reported, to a large bundle of empty gunny bags fouling the permanent way. The No. 3 up Shillong mail was diverted via Parbatepur. The line was cleared at 7-17 in the evening and No. 1 up and No. 2 down to-night's passenger trains passed. Transhipment of passengers was not necessary.

THE MADRAS GLASS WORKS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEBRUARY 26.

At an extraordinary general meeting of the Madras Glass Works, Ltd., held yesterday, Mr. Hajee Ismail Sait, who presided, referred to the work already done and all that was proposed to be done and a resolution raising the capital of the Company from 2 lakhs to 4 lakhs, and to issue out of this Rs. 1,00,000 worth of new shares reserving the remaining lakh for a future issue was passed.

STOCK BROKER'S CLAIM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEBRUARY 26.

A suit has been filed in the Chief Court by Mr. L. Bartlett broker against Mr. D. J. Morrison and twenty-four other members of the Rangoon Stock Exchange for injunction restraining the defendants from depriving him of membership of the Exchange and his share in the profits and funds of the Exchange. The plaintiff was expelled from the Exchange at a meeting held on the 14th January under the provisions of rule 12 without any charge being made against him and at the next meeting his request for particulars of the charge was refused and his expulsion was published in the local papers. By such expulsion he alleges he has suffered great loss in business and reputation.

THE PRESS ACT IN BURMA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, FEBRUARY 26.

The Lieutenant-Governor has directrd in exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Press Act 1910 all copies of a book entitled "Cadva and publised in Paris by E. Holton James to be forfeited to His Majesty on the ground that the book is likely to excite disaffection towards His Majesty and British Government.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

Discussing the Arts' Course.

The adjourned meeting of the Senate of the University of Bombay was held on Saturday afternoon in the Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall of the University, Bombay, the Hon'ble Sir N. Chandavarker, Vice-Chancellor, presiding, when the consideration was resumed of the Government letter, proposing certain changes in the Arts' and Science Courses.

The Hon'ble Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta had, at a previous meeting of the Senate, moved:—"That the Senate agree with the conclusions of the Committee contained in the 6th, 7th and 9th paragraphs of the Report that the Previous Examination should be retained and that it should be held in September."

After signing the minutes of the last meeting, the Vice-Chancellor said that most of the amendments to the above proposition were covered by either the amendment of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp or that of Dr. Surveyor. They, therefore, could not be moved.

He then called upon Mr. Aiyar to move his amendment.

In the absence of Mr. Aiyar, Principal Paranjapye moved the following amendment which stood in Mr. Aiyar's name :—

That the words after "Senate" be omitted and that the following words be substituted : "Is of opinion (a) that the Previous Examination ought to be abolished, the promotion of students from the first year to the second year class being left entirely in the hands of the Principal of each Arts College; (b) that a certificate from the Principal of an Arts College that a Matriculate has completed the first year's course and has been found fit for promotion to the second year class should be accepted by the University as a qualification for admission to the Medical, Engineering, and Agricultural Colleges.

Mr. Paranjapye said that this amendment removed to a great extent the objection of Dr. Mackichan. This amendment, he remarked, would leave the matter open to the principals of the Arts Colleges. He said that if Mr. Sharp's amendment had not been withdrawn owing to a misunderstanding, it would have been carried by a very large majority. He concluded by saying that this amendment would now be agreeable to a majority of the Senate.

Dr. Veigas seconded the amendment.

Mr. Godbole said that this practically meant the handing over of the Previous Examination to the Arts Colleges, the consequence of which would be a great difference and variety in the standard. He thought that the Previous Examination should continue in the hands of the University who should preside its course.

Principal Covernton observed that the arguments of the previous speaker were based on a wrong assumption. He said that the Principals of Colleges would be very careful in giving certificates.

Mr. Dalal said that if the Previous Examination were abolished, the strain of the other examination would come with four-fold force.

Dr. Mackichan said this amendment was an indirect form of the amendment of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp which had been rejected by a large majority of the Senate. The mover of the amendment was not there, little expecting that it would be taken up for discussion. He said that they were not prepared to accept the principles laid down in the amendment. He remarked that the College Principals did not require to be told by the University or by anybody that they should hold their examination. This they always did but that examination could not take the place of the University examination. He said that the Senate should either accept Sir Pherozeshah's proposition or should abolish the Previous Examination altogether. He concluded by saying that in the last result he would support Sir Pherozeshah's proposition.

Mr. Chanbal was of opinion that the amendment was most objectionable and he asked the Senate to negative it.

Mr. Dikshit said that if they passed this amendment, they would place the Principals of professional Colleges in a very awkward position, as there would be a difference of standard in every College.

The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp could not see how the difficulty raised by Mr. Dikshit came in. He said that the Previous Examination had ceased to be an entrance examination for engineering; as regards the Agricultural College, Dr. Mann, he said, was prepared to accept this amendment and the Principal of the Medical College was in favour of abolishing the "Previous."

Father Dreckmann said that medical men were justified in favouring the abolition of the Previous, as they desired to make the Intermediate a an entrance examination to their Colleges.

Sir Pherozeshah, in reply, observed that it had been said that the cat had nine lives. This question had gone through four, this was the fifth life and he supposed that it would go through four more.

He said they were told that Principal Covernton got confused and solely through confusion he withdrew the fairly worded amendment of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp. The Hon'ble Mr. Sharp's presence was alleged to clear all difference and he had told them that they should vote for this amendment. If they examined this amendment together with that of the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp they would find that it was substantially the same, except that it was absolutely vague on certain important points. Mr. Sharp, he said, had frankly used the word "replacing" and under pretence of differing, a paraphrase of the former amendment had been brought before them.

Continuing, Sir Pherozeshah said that Principal Covernton forgot that the Colleges of this Presidency differed in status and position.

In conclusion, he asked the Senate to consider the question on its own merits and prayed they would under any circumstances throw out an amendment of this character.

The amendment was then put to the vote; 32 voted against and 16 voted in favour of it. The amendment was therefore lost.

Dr. Allen's following amendment was then declared out of order :—

Omit all words after "Senate" and substitute the following : "Recognizes the evils of an excessive number of University examinations and requests the Syndicate to consider, in consultation with the Previous Examination, and to bring their recommendations on this subject before the Senate as soon as possible."

Sir Pherozeshah's proposition was then put to the vote. 24 voted in favour and 25 voted against it.

On a poll being taken, 27 votes were recorded against the proposition and 26 in favour of it.

The Vice-Chancellor.—The proposition is lost.

Mr. Welinkar.—Mr. Vice-Chancellor, what is the position now?

Sir Pherozeshah.—That the "Previous" remains.

Dr. Surveyor.—Well, then, my amendment ought to pass.

Sir Pherozeshah.—You are too late.

Mr. Padhye here moved that the consideration of the whole question be referred to the Syndicate.

Mr. Padnye was ruled out of order.

Mr Welinkar then proposed that the Senate do adjourn till Saturday, the 12th March next. He said that that would enable them to consider the whole question again.

Sir Pherozeshah suggested that some one should move the dissolution of the meeting as was done on a former occasion. That, he said, would enable them to return to the question after a reasonable time had expired. They could not do so at this adjourned meeting, as every adjourned meeting was a portion of the original meeting.

Dr. Viegas raised a point of order, observing that Sir Pherozeshah was not entitled to speak on the motion of adjournment.

The Vice-Chancellor ruled against Dr. Viegas and said the point was so peculiar that it should be decided by a Court of Law.

Dr. Mackichan said that the meeting should be dissolved.

The Vice-Chancellor.—Well, then the whole matter will be hung up.

The motion for adjournment was then put to the vote and lost by a large majority.

Rev. Father Dreckmann moved the dissolution of the meeting.

Dr. Surveyor seconded the proposition, which being put to the vote, was carried by a majority of 29 to 19.

The meeting was then dissolved.

At a further meeting of the Senate held on Saturday evening in the Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall, the Vice-Chancellor Sir Narayanrao G. Chandavarkar presided.

After the degrees were conferred, the new fellows were assigned to their respective faculties.

On the motion of Mr. N. A. F. Moos, seconded by Dr. Surveyor, the following resolution was carried :—

(1) That after the year 1910 in Regulation 1 of the James Berkley Gold Medal and Prize (page 446 of the Calendar for 1909-10) the words "B. E. (Civil)" be substituted for "L. C. E." and that the words "provided that" to the end be deleted; and that in Regulation 2 the words "B. E." be substituted for "L. C. E."

(2) That in Regulation 1 of the Marwanji Framji Panday Scholarship (page 471 of the Calendar for 1909-10) the words "L. C. E." to the end be deleted, and the following substituted :—

"B. E. (Mechanical) to the candidate who passes first at the Examination.

N. B.—The present Regulation (1) will hold good in 1910. After that date until the Examination for the Degree of B. E. (Mechanical) is held for the first time, the Scholarship will be awarded to the B. E. (Civil) candidate who passes with the highest number of marks in Prime Movers."

(3) That after the year 1910 in Regulation 1 of the Jamshedji Dorabji Naegaumvala Prize (page 484 of the Calendar for 1909-10) the words "L. C. E." to the end be deleted and the following substituted :—"B. E. (Civil) with the highest number of marks in Drawings and Project"; and that in Regulation 2 the words "B. E." be substituted for "L. C. E."

(4) That in Regulation 1 of the Colonel Patrick French Scholarship (page 501 of the Calendar for 1909-10) the words "First Examination in Engineering" be substituted for "F. C. E. Examination."

(5) That in Regulation 1 of the Nusserwanji Jehangirji Wadia Scholarship (page 565 of the Calendar for 1909-10) the words "Second Examination in Engineering (Civil)" be substituted for "Second Examination in Civil Engineering."

Mr. Mirza Ali Mahomed Khan then moved. That the operation of the regulation (page 65 of the Calendar for 1909-10) requiring the prescription of books in Classical Languages one year before the Previous Examination be suspended in so far as it relates to the books prescribed in Latin for the Examination of 1910.

He said that they had found a book full of sedition, and they had prescribed a new book which was afterwards not to be found as it was out of print.

The proposition was carried.

Mr. Mirza then moved. That the operation of the regulation (page 71 of the Calendar for 1909-10) requiring the prescription of books in Classical Languages two years before the Intermediate Arts Examination be suspended in so far as it relates to the books prescribed in French for the Examination of 1910.

He said that the circumstances were similar in this case also,

The proposition was then carried.

The proceedings then terminated.

THE NASIK TRAGEDY.

Special Tribunals for Prisoners' Trial.

The trial of the first batch of prisoners in connection with the murder of Mr. A. M. T. Jackson having been concluded and the prisoners brought to Bombay, Monday the 7th of March has been fixed for the trial of these prisoners.

The prisoners are divided into three groups and their alleged offences have been classified as follows :—The first batch is charged with the murder of Mr. Jackson. The second batch of prisoners will be tried on the charge of conspiracy for the murder of Mr. Jackson. The third batch of prisoners are to be placed on their trial under the Arms Act while the fourth batch include prisoners charged with minor offences in connection with the conspiracy and the murder.

The number of prisoners is a large one and four Special Tribunals will be appointed for their trial. As these trials will take a long time and several Judges of the High Court will not be able to attend to the ordinary work for days together an Additional Judge will be appointed on the Original Side.

The probable Judges for the Special Taibunal for the trial of the seven accused charged with the murder of Mr. A. M. T. Jackson are the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Davar, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton, who will return from his tour of inspection of the District Courts on the 1st March next, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.

A second Tribunal will be constituted for the trial of the accused charged with conspiracy in regard to the murder of Mr. A. M. T. Jackson and it is believed the Judges for that Tribunal are the Hon'ble Sir Basil Scott, the Chief Justice, the Hon'ble Sir Narayan Ganesh Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor.

The third Special Tribunal will hear the case against the batch of prisoners charged under the Arms Act and a fourth Special Tribunal will deal with minor offences regarding securities under the New Press Act.

The Commissioner of Police, in consultation with the Clerk of the Crown and the Sheriff of Bombay, is in charge of the arrangements and a limited number of passes will be issued by the Commissioner of Police for press representatives. Precautions are being taken to exclude outsiders having no bona fide business in the Courts.

MR. GUPTA'S TOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEBRUARY 26.

Mr. Gupta, after touring in Quilon, Trivandrum and Cape Comorin arrived at Tinnevelly bridge yesterday, and met with a great ovation from high and low alike. He interviewed the Municipal Secretary as to the attitude of the town after the late riots and as to other matters important to the District. He was gratified to hear things were quiet. He left in the evening for Colombo and goes up to Kandy where he will be the guest of Principal Fraser of the Trinity College, son of late Lieut-Governor of Bengal. He is due in London on the 19th March.

THE BASTAR REBELLION.

Strong Force of Troops Arrives.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 26.

News from Bastar states that 140 armed police from Vizagapatam reached Jagdalpur on the morning of the 24th while 170 of the 22nd Punjabis under Major Blois Jhonstone with a machine gun arrived in the evening of the same day, the last 55 miles being covered in 80 hours. The Political Agent is now in communication with the insurgents who have been ordered to surrender their ringleaders.

THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Will you kindly allow me to thank all who were in any way connected with the recent Concert at the Town Hall in aid of the funds of the Indo-British Institution? The concert was a great success in every way and the Institution will benefit to a considerable extent as the takings amounted to Rs. 643.

Our grateful thanks are due to Mr. T. W. Michael who worked very hard in getting it up and to whom a great deal of the success attained is due; and to all those ladies and gentlemen who so very kindly gave their services. Special mention must be made by of the Officer Commanding the 116th Mahrattas for allowing their band to play during the evening; also to Messrs. Mongini Bros, H. S. Smith and Co. and Mr. Hogan for giving Refreshments and to Messrs. Soundy and Co for the use of the piano.

And last, but not least, may I thank the Public of Bombay for their kind patronage.—Yours, etc.

JOHN E. GLASS.
Hon. Sec.

From the 12th to the 19th instant, 5 East Indians, 18 Native Christians, 312 Hindus and 41 Mahomedans died within the limits of Madras, making a total of 376. The death rate was 38 3 per mille, the mean for the ten previous years being 42·5. The deaths are thus classified :—Small-pox 1; fevers 127; bowel complaints 103; and other causes 209.

NEW DHARAMSALA AT RAJKOTE.

Opening Ceremony.

On Friday last Mrs. C. H. Hill, wife of the Political Agent, opened a new Dharamsala at Rajkote. Sheth Ratanshi welcomed the assembly and asked Mr. Kotak to open the proceedings. Mr. Kotak said :—

Mr. and Mrs. Hill, your Highnesses, Rajkumars, ladies and gentlemen,—I feel it a great pleasure to have been called upon by the philanthropic gentleman Sheth Ratanji Mulji to request on his behalf Mrs. Hill to kindly perform the opening ceremony of this Institution. But before doing so I might well introduce to you the already well known Sheth Saheb. He is by this time sufficiently well known to many of us, but this wide and generous works of charity may not perhaps be so well known. I shall, therefore, briefly recount them just to give you a conception of his generous heart and catholic spirit. (1) He has established and maintains a charitable dispensary for Hindus in Fort, Bombay, at a cost of Rs. 50,000; (2) he has established an Anglo-Vernacular School at at Valkeshvar at a cost of Rs. 10,000; (3) he has erected a fountain with pipe and water trough for satisfying the thirst of men and cattle on the Mint Road at a cost of Rs. 22,000; (4) he has founded the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage and has given away his property and buildings worth Rs. 60,000 to which he still extends his support; (5) he has founded a Bhatia Nirashrit Fund of Rs. 15,000 for the benefit of needy Bhatias of any place; (6) he has built a Dharmshala for Bhatias at Mandvi at a cost of Rs. 20,000 and has laid aside as here Rs. 5,000 for its repairs and upkeep; (7) he has opened a Girls' School at a cost of Rs. 14,000; (8) he has built a Shiv Temple at Rs. 5,000; (9) a Dharmshala is built at Bet at a cost of Rs. 4,000; and (10) another Dharmshala has been built at Gopitalav at a similar cost of Rs. 4,000, but here he has moreover arranged to attach a Sadavrat i.e. free distribution of food-grains to the needy travellers and has set apart therefore a sum of Rs. 9,000 and the last but not least is the work to witness the opening ceremony of which we have assembled here to-day. Ladies and gentlemen, the Institution was originally estimated to cost about Rs. 15,000 but as is usual for such estimates to run higher as the buildings get nearer completion the entire cost has amounted to Rs. 22,000 and it is very pleasant to say that he has with his usual trait of doing things thorough generously spent Rs. 7,000 more. It will further be observed that he has set apart a sum of Rs. 5,000 for its future maintenance. I may tell you that besides these major works his minor charities are too many to be mentioned now, but I may tell you from my personal experience that there is not a day when some part of charitable work is not done by him.

Sheth Ratanshi Mulji said :—Mr. and Mrs. Hill, your Highnesses, Rajkumars, ladies and gentlemen,—I welcome you all most cordially for having honoured me by kindly coming here to take part in to-day's ceremony. When I was last here in this Province, exactly a year and a quarter shorter by a day, was laid the foundation stone of this Dharmshala by my kind friend Mr. Hill, who, as I had then said, has always given his cordial support to the project. But for his anxious care to see the land duly handed over as soon as possible to the Committee which was appointed, I could not have had the pleasure and satisfaction of seeing the buildings opened so early as to-day by so kind a lady as Mrs. Hill. At the time of laying the foundation stone of this Institution I had fervently expressed a hope that I could have the honour of the opening ceremony performed by the very kind friend who had laid its foundation stone. I had also expressed that I would have given me a greater pleasure had Mrs. Hill been present then on that occasion. Now that she is here I approached her with a request that she who was taking always a very warm and sympathetic interest in all that pertains to the welfare of the province might be good enough to kindly perform it and it gives me great pleasure to tell you that she has readily and graciously complied with my request. Ladies and gentlen, I shall not trouble you with a repetition of circumstances which persuaded me to cherish the idea of building this Institution here as they were sufficiently explained at the time of laying the foundation stone. I shall only say that the need which I then felt of having such an Institution here has by this time been increasingly brought home to me and I assure you all that nothing has given me greater satisfaction than the knowledge that the Dharmshala and the Sanitarium will certainly be largely availed of by the travelling public and the end with which I have spent my poor mite here, viz., that of affording rest and shelter to the travelling public in and from outside Kathiawad will be amply fulfilled. This Institution is made to consist of four separate blocks of buildings just in accordance with my wishes to see that accommodation was provided for all classes of people without distinction of class or creed. There is a general Hindu Ward with which are attached at both ends decent rooms with kitchens for people of higher classes. Then there is a non-Hindu special ward for better classes of non-Hindus and a general non-Hindu ward for the use of the generality of the non-Hindu public and last but not the least is a specious building, first designed as a special ward for Hindus which looking to the convenience of arrangements in the general Hindu Ward and bearing in mind the healthy dry climate of this place, I have in consultation with the wishes of the members of the Dharmshala Committee desired to see utilized as a Hindu Sanitarium. However I might add that a portion of it will also be available as a special Hindu Ward. Ladies and gentlemen, I shall not detain you longer but I shall be permitted before closing to offer my best and heart-felt thanks to Mr. Hill for having given full support to the scheme from first to last, to Major Hancock for his having from the first shown a sympathetic interest in the Institution and having given all facilities to the members of the Committee, to Mr. Balabhai, State Engineer, Gondal, for having freely taken the trouble for preparing plans and estimates for the whole project and for advising the Committee from time to time and I also offer my best thanks to the members of the Committee for the trouble and interest they have taken in executing the work and my best cordial thanks to the guests who have very kindly accepted my humble invitation and taken the trouble of coming over here. Finally I again beg to offer my warm and sincere thanks to you Mrs. Hill, for having so kindly put yourself to the trouble of coming over here to declare this Institution open which I now request you to be kind enough to do and bless it with your good wishes.

The following is the text of an address which was read to Sheth Ratanshee Mulji.

Sir,—We, the inhabitants of Rajkot town and Civil Station, take this opportunity to express our appreciation and gratitude for the beneficient charities with which you have endowed Rajkot.

Of these charities the most conspicuous is the Dharamshala and Sanitarium which is just now opened at the hands of Mrs. Claude Hill. Though the original estimate of this building was Rs. 15,000 you have, in order to make it commodious and comfortable in every way, not grudged to spend Rs. 22,000, the actual total cost of the building now completed. You have also exercised a wise foresight in laying aside a handsome sum of Rs. 5,000 for the future upkeep of the building.

Rajkot is a growing place and as the headquarters of the Political Agency is the capital of Kathiawar. It is also a junction of three railway lines. The Dharmshalas already existing, though serving a very useful purpose, were situated far away from the railway stations, built as they were in the pre-railway days. By building the Dharamshala and sanitarium near the railway station you have not only conferred a great boon on the travelling public but also provided a health-resort for the sick and the infirm.

We know that your charities are catholic and not confined to any one place or class, and though we are assured that you are actuated in your charitable deeds by a high sense of duty, we ought not to allow this occasion to pass without an expression of our gratitude. You have set a worthy example to the rich to follow. This building will be a standing memorial of your large-hearted generosity.

We pray you may be long spared to serve humanity as you have done in the past, and to earn the blessings of thousands of human beings benefited by your noble charities.

The son of the Raja of Sirmur (Nahan) is to be married on the 4th March to the daughter of the Maharaja Deb Shamsher Jung Rana Bahadur of Nepal at Dehra Dun.

KHETWADI PARSI GIRLS' SCHOOL.

Jubilee Prize Distribution.

SPEECH BY THE GOVERNOR.

The Jubilee prize distribution of the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Khetwadi Girls' School took place on Saturday in the Hall of the Framji Cowasji Institute, Bombay, H. E. Sir George Clarke, Governor of Bombay, presiding. The hall of the Institute was crowded with ladies and gentlemen, and among those present on the occasion were the Hon'ble Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie, Sir Jamsetji and Lady Jejeebhoy, Mr. and Mrs. James Macdonald, Lady Jehangir, Mr. and Mrs R. D. Tata, Mr. N. V. Mandlik; Khan Bahadur D. E. Chicagar, Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. Kazi Kabiruddin, and others.

An interesting programme of songs, dialogues, and action songs was gone through by the pupils. A demonstration in ambulance work was especially applauded by the audience.

THE PROGRESS OF THE SCHOOL.

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir, Honorary Secretary, then read the report, from which the following are extracts :—

"This school is one of the three Institutions which owe their origin to the munificent charity of the late Sir Cowasji Jehangir. It was established in 1859 in the Parsi locality of Khetwadi, where it has remained ever since. The last fifty years have seen a rapid advancement in the female education of the Parsi community, and this institution may, with justification, claim to have played a modest part in achieving this result. The school is situated in a locality in which there is ample scope for an institution of this kind and for some years past it has hardly been able to cope with the demand for admittance and this is especially the case of late years. At the time when this institution came into existence very little attention was paid to female education and thus it was that this school began its work of usefulness in a very modest manner and under great difficulty. The Committee thought fit to purchase the premises in Khetwadi, where the school is now located, for Rs. 16,705-4-0 including legal and other charges and spent a further sum of Rs. 2,437 on repairs and improvements. Towards the purchase money, Government very generously contributed Rs. 4,622-12-0. One can form an estimate of the good this school has done to the cause of female education among the Parsi population of Khetwadi and its neighbourhood during its long existence, from the fact that from the year 1886 to 1909 this Institution has been the means of giving education to 2,772 girls at a cost of about Rs. 6,00,000. To-day the number of girls on the roll is 229, the largest number the school has ever had. This school has always received a grant-in-aid from Government, without which it would be impossible for it to exist. No institution of its kind, where the fees charged are the lowest possible and where 10 to 20 per cent. of free students are admitted, can hope to make both ends meet. But up to now with the grant-in-aid from Government and the assistance of Sir Cowasji, the school has been able to continue the good work it has been doing and it is to be hoped will continue to do for many years to come. Until the year 1905 the grant-in-aid by the Government to the secondary school was Rs. 476, but from that year it was raised to Rs. 550, which is still receives. The grant-in-aid by the Joint Schools Committee to the primary school is Rs. 300, but from that year it has been raised to Rs. 492. As has been said above, were it not for this assistance, the school could not exist. The school has been regularly examined by Government Inspectors and the reports have been always very satisfactory. There has always been an endeavour to keep the teaching up-to-date. Religious teaching has not been forgotten. Miss Jaiji M. Mehta is in charge of the school and her perseverance and hard work have given every satisfaction. In conclusion, it is to be hoped that the school will continue to flourish and for years to come give the benefit of education to the poorer classes."

Mr. Cowasji Jehangir next announced a donation of Rs. 100 from the Rehatsek Fund through Mr. N. V. Mandlik.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

His Excellency then gave away the prizes to the successful students, and was enthusiastically cheered on rising to address the meeting. His Excellency said :—

"Mr. Cowasjee Jehangir, ladies and gentlemen,—The jubilee of an Institution or of an individual life is an important event. The completion of a half a century of existence is a fitting point for retrospect and for looking forward in the case of institution especially. For the individual the best has passed and what remains must in many ways fall short of what has been.

"We have heard an interesting retrospect of the 50 years of this important school, and the progress shown is remarkable, not only in the Institution itself but in the general opinion in regard to the education of girls in India and elsewhere. (Applause) As

and to others to work steadily and earnestly, and to qualify themselves to be an honour to their community and valuable citizensmess of their great country." (Loud applause).

Sir Jamsetji Jejeebhoy proposed a hearty vote of thanks to M. R. Sir George Clarke. In proposing the vote of thanks, Sir Jamsetji said :—

"It gives me much pleasure to move a vote of thanks to His Excellency the Governor for presiding at the prize distribution this evening. (Applause). It is not a conventional vote of thanks which the head of the Presidency is accustomed to receive on such occasions. I placed it before you as an expression of our lively gratitude for the earnest labours of His Excellency in the cause of the people of this country. (Loud applause). We do not consider His Excellency's presence here this evening as a formal discharge of one of the social duties pertaining to his high office; we take it as one more proof of his genuine desire to identify himself with the various activities of the people entrusted to his charge. He did not take the Presidency long to learn that in His Excellency it had a ruler who is covered with talents of a high order, a remarkable sympathy which won him the hearts of the people. (Continued applause). It is this rare combination of head and heart which has won for our Governor the esteem and affection of the many millions of this Presidency. (Hear, hear.) Everywhere there have been differences of opinion, though there is confidence in his rectitude of success has not wavered for an instant. We are passing through a series of active legislation, and on the one hand we witness a vast upheaval of the old order of things. No one can dispute the necessity of falling into line with the progressive thought of the age, but I cannot help thinking that it is man as well as measures that we want, and an up-to-date administration worked by second rate statesmen would prove disastrous to the best interests of this country. Therefore, it is, that we cherish all the more men of the type of Sir George Clarke. (Applause). Men who can worthily maintain the prestige of England and strengthen the bonds that unite the two countries. (Loud applause.) While we have such men, we can contemplate the future with calmness and confidence. With these few words, ladies and gentlemen, I beg to propose a hearty vote of thanks to His Excellency, and I have no doubt you will carry it with acclamation." (Loud and continued cheers.)

His Excellency bowed his acknowledgment, and the proceedings terminated.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, FEBRUARY 18.

Lieutenant W. Edwin Thomas has resigned his Commission in the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

The Hon'ble the Resident has granted a licence to Reverend J. H. Voth, of the American Mennonite Brethren Mission Union, residing at Mulkapett, (who has succeeded the Reverend J. H. Pankratz), to solemnize marriages between Christian subjects of His Majesty the King-Emperor within the territories of H. H. the Nizam, excluding Berar and the Cantonment of Secunderabad and Aurangabad.

Lieutenant Scrafton, I. A., Assistant Cantonment Magistrate of Secunderabad, has been granted two months' previlege leave with effect from the 1st March next.

For some years past Nawab Sultan Nawaz Jung has been pressing for the settlement of a claim amounting to four crores of rupees alleged by him to be due by the Nizam's Government. By mutual consent it was agreed, the British Government concurring, that the matter should be decided by a Commission. Accordingly a tribunal composed of the Hon'ble Mr. Griffin, the Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court as President, and Rai Murlidhar (Subedar of Warangal) and an Arab chieftain as members, the first of the latter two appearing on behalf of the Nizam's Government and the second for Nawab Sultan Nawaz Jung, sat to investigate the case. After a protracted and laborious inquiry the award has now been announced. The majority of the Commission have found that there had been a multiplicity of monetary transactions between the Government and the Nawab, and a careful scrutiny of the documents produced before the Commission conclusively shows that a sum of two lakhs of rupees is due by H. H. the Nizam's Government to the Nawab, while he himself is indebted to the Government to the extent of six lakhs of rupees! After this there is no appeal, and Nawab Sultan Nawaz Jung will have to deposit to the credit of H. H. the Nizam's Governmennent four lakhs of rupees at no distant date. The award of one member of the Commission found in favour of the Nawab to the extent of two crores of rupees, which anyhow reduced the original claim by half.

For two or three decades past, a Mahomedan Fakir has been familiarly known here in and out of the City. He was looked upon as a saint by his coreligionists and as an "avatar" by Hindus. He had access to every place he chose and was regularly followed by two disciples, who in turn put on a superluminary consequence. The Fakir was a Socialist of a pronounced type and, claiming equality of rights, would step into any shop on the road-side, and help himself to whatever he took a fancy. Charity was the principle of his life and the things so taken unto himself he would as readily bestow on his followers or any passer-by. He was venerated by the populace and even H. H. the Nizam held him in nigh regard. This saint died last Wednesday, and on the report reaching His Highness he at once ordered that the Fakir should be given a decent funeral, for which a large sum was granted. The remains were interred in a "Fakiya" or graveyard near Machi Kaman in the City, and it must be said that the funeral cortege was an imposing one, having been followed by Nawabs and wealthy people bare-footed, while hundreds of rupees were thrown from the backs of two elephants to hordes of mendicants.

Mr. Casson-Walker, the Assistant Minister of Finance, proceeds to Europe in the second week of next month and will, it is understood, retire from the service on the expiry of his leave. In this eventuality, it would be interesting to know who will succeed him. Some think Mr. Hyderi, the Financial Secretary.

As Mr. John Ottley, is retiring from the Public Works Department, Mr Mir Ahmad Ali has taken charge of the office of Assistant Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Branch. During the flood relief works, Mr. Ahmad Ali was of great assistance to H. H. the Nizam's Government and his services were flatteringly acknowledged by Mr. Vishveshvarya, the engineering expert, in his reports, who assured the Government that the best person to succeed him was Mr. Ahmad Ali. Mr. Vishveshvarya is now in the Mysore Service as Superintending Engineer of the P. W. Department, but Mr. Dalal, late of the Mysore and Baroda Service, has succeeded him here.

Mr. Mayhew, of the Educational Department, Madras Government, who has been appointed Educational Adviser to H.H. the Nizam's Government, is doing his best to improve the teaching establishments of the different Government schools by raising their salaries and introducing up-to-date methods.

RACQUETS.

Markers' Final.

Only about a couple of dozen spectators were present to watch this event, but they were well rewarded for their pains. The game was exceptionally interesting throughout and it is something to see Jamsetji really extended. He won the toss and failed and Padamji did likewise. Hands ran very small. Seventeen blanks, ten single aces, 3 twos and a five (to Padsmji) being called before Jamsetji won at 15—9. In the second game Padamji led at 8—3 and in spite of an effort by Jamsetji which brought the score to '8 all' and to '10 all' won at 15—10. He was dropping the ball with deadly accuracy an inch over the board time after time—5, 5, and 2 to Jamsetjee in consecutive hands gave him the lead at 12—2 in the third game and to won comfortably at 15—5. In the fourth Padamji went away and led at 9—2 after a hand of 7, but Jamsetjee got in and made 5, outed Padamji for a single and ran out with 8 unfinished and won 15—10.

Then followed an Exhibition Markers Foursome, the Bombay Markers taking on Padamji and Jehangir. It was a beautiful game and match, rally after rally of hard driving and accurate placing Jehangir's drive fore and back-hand is especially taking and if only he could fill out a bit he would give even Jamsetji a hard game. After a hard fight the Bombay couple won by 8 games to 2 (18—17, 5—15, 6—15, 15—9, 15—3).

SPORTING NEWS.

BOMBAY RACES.

Tenth Extra Meeting.

There was a good attendance in the inclosure on Saturday when a card of eight good events was presented. The first race was a 5-furlong run in which another upset of form was seen. Reed Hazard who was made a favourite was not even placed, but Akseer for whom a fancy was taken later on won very well, Barrett making a good finish. The second race was taken by Director though the punters took a fancy to Alexander. Mishriff was a good second. Plassy won the Karjat Plate, and Barrett scored a second time for the afternoon. Soiriff and Hishan on whom the punters laid their money managed to secure places. In the Arab Dealers' Consolation race, Mojeed on Prosperity tried his best but fell short and Rashan was landed safe by Hoyt. Murmurees was the favourite for the Substitution Plate but Brown stared Desert King pluckily and won the race. Southall on Eed brought some another outsider. Maghil the favourite could not even be placed. Paulfry who was smartly mounted by Evans had not done anything this time. At last justified the top-weight he carried and made the running in a very good form. Tannah Plate was the last event and Real Blood upset all calculations and leaving behind Tari and Maimoon, the two favourites of the public won in a canter.

The details of the racing are as follows :—

DEALERS' SELLING PLATE.—Division I.—5 furlongs.

Mr A S Oomer's Akseer 9st.....Barrett 1
Mr A K Dakhayel's Dreadnought 7st 11b Brown 2
Mr A M Saif's Ture's cap 6st 12lbs.....Kanoo 3
Mr Abdulla Yunsiese's Jins, 8st 2lbs.....Abdoola 4

ALSO RAN.—Red Hazard, 8st 8lbs, Evans; Bandy Kick, 8st 5lbs, Manley; Mabya, 8st 2lbs, Spencer; Mijwell, 8st 2lbs Hazza; Kareod, 7st 13lbs car, 8st 4lbs Native; Murseool, 7st 12lbs, Abbas; Dohan, 7st 4lbs, Mujeed.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Akseer; 5 to 2 Red Hazard; 8 to 1 Bandy Dick.

THE RACE.—Ture's Cap led out, but at the bend Dreadnought led out with Akseer. While a furlong from the winning post the latter made up and won easily by a length and a quarter. A neck between second and third and 1-2 length divided 3 and 4.

Time.—1 min 9 2-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

The totalizator paid Rs. 23-6 for win and Rs. 16, Rs. 31 and Rs. 182-8 for places.

DEALERS' SELLING PLATE.—Division II.—5 furlongs.

Mr A S Oomer's Director, 8st 2lbs.....Melsom 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Mishriff, 7st 7lbs car 7st 8lbs.....Native 2
Mr Budr bin Alwas's Duwab, 7st 11b.....Abdoola 3
Mr A R Ameer's William Tell, 7st 13lbs...Barrett 4

ALSO RAN.—Moriarty 8st 6lbs, Evans; Carthage, 8st 2lbs, Abbas; Prince Foote, 8st 2lbs, Mujeed; Alexander, 7st 13lbs, Southall; Mavab, 7st 13lbs car, 8st Native; Mitaab, 7st 10lbs, Hazza; Rushcutter, 7st 7lbs car, 7st 10lbs, Spencer; Prince of Wales, 7st 7lbs, Hoyt.

BETTING.—3 to 1 against William Tell and Alexander, 5 to 1 Director and Prince of Wales.

THE RACE.—Alexander was badly left away. Director led followed by Carthage, Duwab and Moriarty almost upto the bend and the winner passed the stand winning by 1 3-4 lengths. 1 1-2 length separated the 2nd and 3rd and 3-4 of a length separated the 3rd from the 4th.

Time—1 min 9 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Owner.)

The totalizator paid Rs. 76-6 for the win and Rs. 29, Rs. 64-8 and Rs. 36 for places.

KARJAT PLATE.—5 furlongs.

Mr Heath's Plassy, 8st 7lbs.....Barrett 1
Mr Newton's Sheriff, 7st 9lbs.....Mujeed 2
Mr Kadoo bin Saleh's Hishan, 7st 10lbs.....Hoyt 3
Mr A Rehman's Selection, 7st car, 7st 3lbs...Abbas 4

ALSO RAN.—Rose 8st 5lbs, Brown; Sirus, 8st 3lbs car, 8st 4lbs, Weatherall; Sabah, 7st 12lbs Manley; Masi, 7st 11lbs, Southall; Disfigure 6st 12lbs car, 7st 11b, Melsom.

BETTING.—5 to 2 Sheriff; 3 to 1 Plassy; 9 to 2 Hishan; 7 to 1 Rose.

THE RACE.—Sheriff led out from Sabah, Disfigure, Plassy and Hishan. Sabah was leading at the bend where Plassy rushed up and won by 2 lengths, 1-2 length between 2nd and 3rd, same distance dividing the 3rd and the 4th.

Time.—1 min 6 4-5 secs.

(Winner trained by Somerkhan).

The totalizator paid Rs. 64-8 for the win and Rs. 14-8, Rs. 13 and Rs. 14-8 for places.

ARAB DEALERS' CONSOLATION PLATE.—7 furlongs. Winner Rs 1,000; second Rs 200; third Rs 200. For Arabs landed since 1st July 1909 and which have not won a flat race value Rs 1,000 or over W A.

Mr M Goculdas's Padsha. 8st 2lbs.....Hoyt 1
Mr Haji Mahomed's Prosperity, 7st 9lbs...Mujeed 2
Mr Ahmed Hazemy's Kishra, 7st 9lbs car 8st. Native 3
Mr A K Dakayel's Grand Master, 7st 13lbs..Brown 4

ALSO RAN.—Mudbas 8st 11lbs, Kaseon; Steeple Jack, 8st 11lbs, Abdoola; Straight Tip, 8st 11lbs, Evans; Indian Star, 8st 9lbs Abbas; Bombay, 8st 9lbs, Barrett; Hamdoon, 7st 13lbs, Hazza; Mukammel, 7st 8lbs Native; Busboosh, 7st 13lbs, Southall; Dilaver 7st 9lbs, Melsom; Bassmesum, 6st 4lbs car, 6st 12lbs, Native.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Padsha; 3 to 1 Straight Tip; 6 to 1 Dilaver; and 8 to 1 Busboosh.

THE RACE—Indian Star from grand master Dilavar and Padshah. At 5 grand master was on a level. At 3 furlongs Padshah was making up and passed Prosperity who looked winning. Won by 3-4 of a length, 1 1-4 divided the 2nd and the 3rd and 3-4 of a length between the 3rd and the 4th.

Time—1 min. 45 1-5 secs.

(Winner trained by C. Bleach.)

The totalizator paid Rs. 26-8 for the win and Rs. 16-8, Rs. 66-8 and Rs. 167-8 for the places.

SUBSTITUTION PLATE.—1 mile—Winner, Rs. 700; second, Rs. 280; third, Rs. 150. For Arabs, maidens on 1st April 1909, and which have not won a flat race value Rs. 700 or over since that date. W. A., reduced 5lbs.

Mr Kassum Jurjis's Desert King 8st 12lbs...Brown 1
Mr Abdoola Mistry's Sun 9st 3lbs.....Evans 2
Mr D Ranchordass's Well Done 8st 9lbs.....Hoyt 3
Mr Newton's Murmurees 8st 10lbs.....Mujeed 4

ALSO RAN.—Tunis 9st 3lbs Hazza; Swalior, 8st 12lbs Southall; Aziz, 8st 4lbs Native; Hasty Jack, 8st 8lbs Barrett; Brukat 6st Abbas.

BETTING.—5 to 2 against Murmurees; 7 to 2 Swalior; 4 to 1 Sun; 5 to 1 Well Done; 6 to 1 Desert King.

THE RACE.—Swalior led out from Sun, Aziz, Murmurees and Desert King. At 6 furlongs Desert King and Well Done followed Swalior and Sun. At the Bend Desertking made up and passed Sun by 3 1-2 lengths, one length separating 2nd and 3rd and 3-4 of a length dividing the 3rd and the 4th.

Time.—1 min 55 secs.

(Winner trained by Fahad bin Saif.)

The totalizator paid Rs 65-8 for the win and Rs. 23-8, Rs. 22-8, and Rs. 19-8 for places.

THE CALLIAN PLATE.—About a mile and a half.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Eed 7st 13lbs .....Southall 1
Mr Beg's Famous 8st 7lbs .....Brown 2
Mr J M Mistry's Young Salanic 8st 6lbs ...Evans 3
Mr Syed Rashid's Hoodaib 8st 4lbs.....Mujeed 4

ALSO RAN.—Balmoral 9st 1lb; Hoyt, Mahan 8st 11bs; Feroz, Maghil 7st 12lbs; Barrett, Silvermine 6st 12lbs; Kanoo.

BETTING.—2 to against Maghil 4 to Eed and Young Salanic; 5 to Famous 6 to 1 Hoodaib.

THE RACE.—Maghil and Famous started off followed by Hoodaib at 1-2 mile. Young Salanic and Eed led Famous and down the straight Eed went away winning 1 1-4 lengths, 2 lengths between 2nd and 3rd and 1 length between 3rd and the 4th.

Time.—2 min 56 secs.

(Winner trained by Mustafa bin Talib).

The totalizator paid Rs. 58-8 for the win and Rs. 21, Rs. 22, and Rs. 17-8 for places.

KEMPTON PARK PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr Kelso's Paul Pry 10 st 11b .....Evans 1
Mr R R S's Posco 9st 12lbs .....Brown 2
Mr G K's Mary B 7st 9lbs .....Drew 3
Mr S A Wahed's Chevalier 6st 9lbs (car 7st 11b) Manley 4

ALSO RAN.—Marton Mere 9st 8lbs, Barrett; Lady Spring 8st 10lbs, Southall; Bright Metal 8st 9lbs, Kaseon; Lord Minto 6st, (car 7st), Melsom.

BETTING.—6 to 4 against Marton Mere, 2 to 1 Posco, 4 to 1 Paul Pry, 6 to 1 Lady Spring.

THE RACE.—Poses and Paul Pry went off together Mary B with Marton Mere following. At straight the victory looked quite easy for Paul Pry who won comfortably by 1 1-2 lengths. A length divided 2nd and 3rd and 3-4 of a length separated the 3rd and 4th.

Time—1 min. 14 2-5secs.

(Winner trained by Byramji Rustomji.)

The totalizator paid Rs. 66 for the win and Rs. 22-8, 168, and 24-8 for places.

THE TANNAH PLATE.—6 furlongs.

Mr Ahmed Abdulla's Real Blood, 7st 2lbs...Brown 1
Lieut-Col J Desarej Wn's Jamus 7st 8lbs...Melsom 2
Mr M Goculdass's Maimoon, 8st 2lbs.....Hoyt 3
Mr R S Forsge's Saree, 7st 13lbs.....Kaseon 4

ALSO RAN.—Saeed, 9st 3lbs Weatherall; Sun Sun, 8st 12lbs Evans; Zari, 8st 7lbs Barrett; Nishan, 8st 5lbs Enul; Prime Minister, 8st 4lbs Manley; Afreed, 8st 11b Southall; Ebrahim Pasha 8st car 8st 4lbs Native; Muzleom, 7st 7lbs Mujeed; Fairfield, 7st 2lbs car 7st 3lbs Abbas.

BETTING.—4 to 1 against Zari; 9 to 2 Maimoon; 6 to 1 Real Blood and Muzleom; 7 to 1 Afreed; 8 to 1 Sun Sun.

THE RACE.—Zari took a good start followed by Real Blood and Afried. At 1-2 mile they were all abreast but at 2 furlongs. Real Blood led Maimoon came up at the bend. Jasons rushed but Real Blood won by 4 lengths, 1-2 between 2nd and 3rd and 3-4 between 3rd and 4th.

Time—1 min 21-2-5secs.

The totalizator paid Rs. 7-8 for the win and Rs. 21, Rs. 65, and Rs. 28 for places.

CALCUTTA RACES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEBRUARY 26.

The Calcutta Eighth Extra meeting took place to-day. The following were the results :—

THE KALIGHAT PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs

Mopscoton 9st 2lbs.....Robson 1
Etna 9st 13lbs.....Trenoweth 2
Kil Kite 8st 12lbs.....Hoyt 3

ALSO RAN.—Son of a Gun 8st, Fire Away 8st, Pantomime 7st 7lbs.

Won by two lengths, 1 1-4 lengths between second and third. Time.—1 min 5 secs.

BETTING.—2 to 1 Etna, evens Hopscotch, 5 to 1 Kil-kite, 7 to 1 Son of a Gun, 10 to 1 Fireaway, 2 to 1 Pantomime.

THE ELGIN PLATE DIVISION No. 1—Distance 6 furlongs.

Sequent, 8st.....Kuhn 1
Singleton, 7st 7lbs.....Ferguson 2
Hackler's Bloom 7st 7lbs.....O'Neil 3

ALSO RAN.—Tana 9st, Royal Colours 8st 12lbs; Feundrette 8st 11lbs; Jack Sheppard 8st 9lbs; Palindrome 8st 6lbs; Ilpis 7st.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths, 3-4 length between 2nd and 3rd. Time—1 min 16 1-4 secs.

BETTING.—8 to 1 Royal Colours, 6 to 1 Foudrette, 10 to 1 Jack Sheppard, 4 to 1 Palindrome, 2 to 1 Sequent, 3 to 1 Hackler's Bloom, 3 to 1 Singleton, 20 to 1 Ilpis.

SIXTH SELLING HANDICAP.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Scotch Girl 9st 2lbs.....Robinson 1
Jacobus 8st 5lbs.....Butters 2
Comprimil 7st 12lbs.....Beaumont 3

ALSO RAN.—Eljin 9st 5lbs, Sir Ulric, 8st 5lbs, Dickie, 8st 5lbs, Dunsinane 8st 3lbs, Plain Mister 8st 3lbs., Umutbee 7st 9lbs, Snakespeare 6st 13lbs.

Won by 2 lengths, 1 length between second and third. Time—1 min 4 secs.

BETTING.—20 to 1 Eljin, 3 to 1 Scotch Girl, 10 to 1 Sir Ulric, 2 to 1 Jacenus, 20 to 1 Dickie, 7 to 1 Dunsinane, 5 to 1 Plain Mister, 4 to 1 Comprimil, 8 to 1 Umusbee, 15 to 1 Shakespeare.

THE ELGIN PLATE.—Division No. 2, distance 6 furlongs.

Mr Blue Flame 8st 5lbs.....O'Neil 1
Mr Harens 8st 9lbs.....Kuhn 2
The Cockatoo 9st 7lbs.....C Hoyte 3

ALSO RAN.—Morino 8st 5lbs, Foy, 9st 2lbs, Berthiar 9st, Light Metam 7st 5lbs, Mulison 7st.

Won by 2 lengths, a length between second and third. Time—1 min. 16 3-4 secs.

BETTING.—5 to 1 Morino, evens The Cockatoo, 3 to 1 Foy and Berthier, 7 to 1 Harene, 3 to 1 Blue Flame, 6 to 1 Light Metal, 10 to 1 Mulison.

THE MIDDLETON PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Rulling Passion 8st 2lbs.....Theburn 1
Village Girl 10st 2lbs.....Robinson 2
Powerful 7st 2lbs.....Butters 3

ALSO RAN.—Solace 9st, Pat C 8st 13lbs, Chippy Norton 8st 13lbs, Murmur 8st 4lbs, Turbina 7st 9lbs.

Won by 3 lengths, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min. 3 1-2 secs.

BETTING.—Evens Village Girl, 10 to 1 Solace, 5 to 1 Pat C, 15 to 1 Chippy Norton, 20 to 1 Murmur, 5 to 2 Rulling Passion, 3 to 1 Powerful, 10 to 1 Turbina.

THE KARDON PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs, Five Crown 8st 9lbs.....C Hoyte 1
Kaffirpan 8st 7lbs.....O'Neil 2
Morette 9st 10lbs.....Ferguson 3

ALSO RAN.—Misty Morn 9st 10lbs, True Love 9st 4lbs, Craigenddrie 9st 2lbs, Tana 8st 11lbs.

Won by a length, 3-4 length between second and third. Time—1 min 31 secs.

BETTING.—4 to 1 Five Crown, Evens Morette, 5 to 2 True Love.

JUMPERS FLAT.—Distance, B. C.

Comprimil 10st 9lbs.....Evers 1
Devilette 10st 9lbs.....Lovetus 2
Tommy Daw 9st 10lbs.....Dudley 3

ALSO RAN—Yulgibar 10st 2lbs, Ballycar 9st 10lbs, Prince Moorefield 9st, Dalgai 8st 7lbs.

Won by 3 4 of a length, 2 lengths between second and third. Time—3 mins 6 1-4 secs.

BETTING.—2 to 1 Devilette, Tommy Daw, and Prince Moorefield, 6 to 1 the rest.

HOCKEY AT ALLAHABAD.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEBRUARY 26.

In the finals of the All India Hockey Tournament to-day the Naini Tal Volunteers beat the U. P. Police by 7 to 3 within 5 minutes from the start. The Volunteers scored twice. The Police then scored once, but in the last minute of the first half the Volunteers increased their lead. Five minutes after the game began in the second half the Volunteers scored a fourth time, but within a minute the Police scored their second goal. Exchanges were pretty even then, but fifteen minutes from the close the Volunteers scored their fifth goal. The Police reduced the margin soon after. Once their Centre Forward missed an open goal. The Police defence broke down in the last seven minutes with the result that the Volunteers scored two more goals and won by 7 to 3.

CRICKET.

Mr. F. E. Lacy, Secretary, M. C. C., writes as follows to Mr. Framji Patel, Bombay :—Thank you for your letter of January 22nd. I hope you understand that the only recompense that I require for the small services that I can give will be found in the success of the tour. This, with your help, I shall do my best to secure. I have already received some answers from the counties I had circulated regarding the visit of an All India team, and as far as I can at present judge I shall be able to arrange an attractive programme, but I do not think I shall be able to obtain guarantee exceeding £560. The minimum I will accept will be half the gross gate money. I am glad to have your assurance that I shall know definitely if the team is coming before August of this year. There is no doubt that the visit will do much to remove prejudices and promote friendship, and I am confident that everyone with Imperial views, and I thank goodness there are many, will cordially welcome the All India team in England and will feel grateful to you and others who have made the visit possible. It will, however, be a great disappointment to many if you yourself cannot accompany the team. We cannot afford to lose any influence that would be likely to contribute to success. As the triangular scheme has now been accepted by Australia the South Africans will not come to England in 1911, and so there will be no counter-attraction in the cricket world. If we are fortunate enough to have a fine season you should well cover expenses. I understand that I am to prepare your programme of fixtures. If so, I hope, you will let me know, when the visit is definitely settled, the dates of the arrival in and departure from England. With kind regards.

We are glad to note that the arrangements for the tour are making good progress. Nearly Rs. 50,000 have been subscribed, Mistry, the famous Parsi cricketer is going, as also the Maharajah of Patiala and a son of the Maharajah of Cooch Behar. Dr. H. Kanga will also go in the XI. Other leading cricketers have also proposed to join. Only the Jam Saheb has not yet sent his final reply.

The Committee have already decided at their last meeting to send the "best available All-India Team," and now another meeting will be called to take further steps for inviting a coach, etc., etc., and to fix the date of departure of the team.

BOMBAY HUNT.

THE Bombay Hounds yesterday met at Sahar Hill, Colonel Forbes being in command of a moderately sized field; several regular followers were absent owing to the manœuvres. Conditions were favourable for hunting, the sugginess of the last few days having given way to a freshness which is hoped will last for some weeks longer.

As soon as the Bombay Contingent had had time to get to the meet hounds moved off over the well known hill and in the bushes at the far side one hound was heard to own to the line of a jackal which was quickly taken up by the rest of the pack. The field were piloted across the bunds on to the Melon ground beyond and along the familiar cart-track which runs up towards the Andheri-road. The pace was fairly rapid along this stretch and when the jackal bending across the Bomanwadi valley towards Ghuckla there followed a nice little burst across the bunds. Hounds carried on through the woodlands with much music and over Pereira's Hill on to the road down which they ran for some little distance before turning up over the sheet iron crossing into the dusty track ironically referred to as "Park Lane." Here they were a little at fault and the dust was terrible in the lane as belated followers came tearing up from behind. There was just a moment to think of how fortunate it was that the jackal had been able to cross the road at this point when hounds picked up the line on the right and were off into the closely wooded country at the top of this lane, and now there was no time to hesitate, but in order to keep anywhere near hounds it was necessary to push on through the thick undergrowth and scrub as fast as possible. Lucky the man who has a mount that will force his way willingly through this kind of country as to "go round," is to always run a great chance of being left. Many ardent sportsmen never saw hounds yesterday from this point until they reached the Marole Caves hill; the way led over the mango tope and down past Bett's Corner over the grass-lands on to the hill. Grounds followed their quarry right across the deep cutting in the Rock past the Caves and this meant a small chukker round the back for the field. Rounding the hill hounds were found running strongly out on to the grass-lands. Without a pause the hunt continued through the Palmwoods up and down the undulating downs, the whole valley echoing with the cries of the pack. Running well together and with plenty of dash hounds must have been making steadily on the fugitive for after continuing down this good going for a mile or two he slipped left handed into some close jungle; running through this he crossed the stony nullah at is often encountered and reached the hill on the other side. A slight waver here on the part of the pack suggested that another customer had been in the vicinity; one couple indeed did continue to speak on the side of the hill, but the main body doubled back left-handed into the open country. It was difficult to understand this manœuvre on the part of the jackal, for hounds must have been very close to him in the jungle. This taking to the open again was very welcome to the field and especially to those followers who were met in the course of the return journey—those "horizon" followers who are quite happy if they occasionally catch a glimpse of hounds in the distance! Working left handed hounds chased their quarry up through the woodlands ont o the further hill overlooking the Marole Valley and pushed him left handed again. Off this hill down into the gap leading between the two valleys. It was unfortunate that the pack appeared to divide at this point as the jackal was viewed only just in front of them running off the hill and with ordinary luck he would have been bowled over before reaching the bottom. But he managed to cross on to the thick jungle-clad hill on the other side of the track where hunting from a houseman's point of view is quite impossible. Amongst this scarcely penetrable growth it is practically certain hounds overtook their victim. The Deputy Master and Huntsman made their way by jungle path some distance up the hill and dismounting searched a likely spot where hounds had been heard giving tongue; but no sign was found of the object of their search and as the morning was warming up hounds were collected and taken home.

Undoubtedly it had been one of the hardest runs of the season as for about forty minutes hounds had been running strongly—there had never been any time to wait and some of the hill and jungle work had been stiff for horses. Hounds had put in some excellent hunting and it had been a treat to watch their work. Such an enjoyable run makes one realise very keenly how near is the end of the season and that February hunting has come to a close.

There will be a by-day to-morrow and hounds will leave the kennels shortly after 6 o'clock for Chuckla.

BOMBAY HORSE SHOW.

Out station writes to the "Pioneer"—"I might I be granted space to pass a few comments on the management of the above show this year. After repeated applications I succeeded in getting a prospectus on the day the first entries closed. This was no fault of the man at the other end, as to the best of my belief the prospectus saw public print only three days previous to closure of first entries. Bombay is supposed to be a business town, but the above fact shows that something was very much wrong with the business management of the committee or responsible officials. Why do not the committee cater a little more for the man from out-stations. His attendance should be fostered, not discouraged, by narrow-minded restrictions. I had practically arranged to spend a holiday in Bombay, bringing my modest string of three ponies along, with the idea of getting some polo, having a fling at the horse show, and putting up a pony for measurement. That is to say I intended to kill three birds with one stone, and as a recompense for the expenses incurred hoped that luck might give me a trophy.

The tardy arrival of the prospectus entailed an extra Rs. 2 for each entry, through no mistake or carelessness of my own whatsoever. Why give nine classes to harness horses, and only one class to gentleman's hacks and such a class too :—

"Best hack 14-2 and under, must be the property of resident in Bombay or neighbourhood, who possesses no other horse or pony of any description".

Then again take class 18—Arab and C-B ponies suitable for polo 14—1 and under—"special condition." Any pony shown in this class may be claimed by the committee for Rs. 800 before the prizes are awarded.

This rulling simply cuts out the best stamp of pony, which is the very effect that any well-managed show would want most strenuously to avoid.

The "Notun" Bene in the section devoted to Ladies' Horses looks on the surface as if somebody had the greed of mere potmuting. "A special prize will be given to the best horse ridden by a lady, the property of that lady 'or a relation' (the single quotes are mine)—provided that the horse has not already won a prize in this section." Why not give a third prize all round in this section and let the relation go hang. There is little honour and glory attached to competing in a class of this description or in lifting a preserved pot. There are other comments on points which might well be discussed, but I will refrain from any further quotations. My plea is that the aim and object of a good Horse Show management is most emphatically to promote healthy competition, to attract quality in horse flesh, and to rigidly exclude any tendency to pamper the individual on the favoured few. A "highly commended" in an open class is of infinite more value than, say, a first prize in class 12. Let the Bombay Horse Show bear more the stamp of a Presidency than a parochial entertainment is what I urge, and do not let it be forgotten that there are some keen horse masters at more than one.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English Price). Sold everywhere. For Free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY & POONA.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

(Continued from page 4.)

Rumours are rife of mobilisation in Turkey and the other Balkan States. The feeling of arrogant self-confidence among Turkish military officers—a feeling to which the younger "hot-heads" give open expression—is very pronounced, and the new comet, which has for a fortnight past been regularly on view a little after sunset, has contributed to increase the general restlessness, and to encourage vague dreams of Mussulman expansion and reconquest.

Unfortunately for the good name of the Turkish officer, it is now beginning to be understood that his reputation for civility and sobriety rested on no more solid foundation than the emptiness of his purse. He now receives his pay regularly, and his potations of raki are frequently followed by acts of brutal violence when all "constitutional" fictions are brushed aside, and he manifests only too clearly his scant respect for whatever is not Turkish. Owing to the occurrence of frequent brawls in cafes and other places of public resort, Turkish officers have lately been forbidden to visit such place in uniform.

HOLLAND'S SAFETY.

During the debate in the First Chamber of the States-General at the Hague on Wednesday, on the Foreign Office estimates, Baron Van Heckeren van Kell, ex-Minister to Sweden, spoke in support of his request that the Minister for Foreign Affairs should take steps to guarantee the integrity of the Netherlands with regard to Germany and Great Britain. He said that a certain event which had taken place some years before and of which the Minister was probably ignorant constituted a special reason for demanding for Holland more guarantee than the North Sea Convention gave to the second-class Powers. The Minister for Foreign Affairs, Dr. van Marees van Swinderen, asked Baron van Heckeren to formulate his assertion more precisely, as otherwise he would be unable to answer. After a passage at arms, in which Baron van Heckeren said his prestige at the Court of Stockholm had suffered owing to the complaint of a certain Dutchman, the Chamber, sitting with closed doors, ultimately decided to discuss the question in committee, but not in secret committee. Baron van Heckeren explained that a neighbouring Sovereign had intimated a few years ago that he would be obliged to have Dutch territory occupied if Holland did not place herself in a state of defence against Great Britain. He reproached the Minister for not having taken this circumstance into account while concluding the North Sea Convention. The Minister for Foreign Affairs said he was not in a position to refute this assertion, until Baron van Heckeren explained exactly what he meant by "neighbouring Sovereign" and "intimated." He conjured Baron van Heckeren in the interests of the country to be more clear and precise. As the latter did not reply, the debate was closed without incident. According to the "Nieuwe Courant," Baron van Heckeren asked at the secret sitting whether the German probably in 1904, wrote a letter to Queen Wilhelmina, in which reference was made to the possible German occupation of Dutch territory if certain measures for the defence of Holland were not taken. The journal suggest that Baron van Heckeren became cognisant of the matter when he was Dutch Minister at Stockholm.

A LETTER DENIED.

In the First Chamber of the States-General on Thursday afternoon, there was a sequel to the sensational suggestion made yesterday by Baron van Heckeren that the German Emperor had threatened an occupation of Dutch territory if Holland did not put herself into a state of defence against Great Britain. Dr. de Marees van Swinderen, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, now categorically denied with a full sense of responsibility that Queen Wilhelmina had ever received any letter, telegram, note or document of the kind described with reference to the defence of Holland; that the Queen had ever held any conversation with the Emperor on the subject; and that any person authorised by the Emperor to mention the matter had ever approached her Majesty. The Minister concluded his statement with an expression of warm appreciation of the German Emperor, whose sincere friendship for Holland had been shown often and manifestly. M. van Lobensels, in the absence of Baron van Heckeren, asked why, if in 1904, there was no danger of foreign intervention, secret measures had been taken for the fortification of Den Helder against sudden attack. The Government, he added, would have done better to refrain from expressing an exclusive appreciation of Germany, two other Powers being in question in this matter. The debate was closed.

HAJEE SULLEMAN ABDUL WAHED ENTERTAINMENT FUND.

THE Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the following sums towards the Entertainment Fund, from the General Mahomedan Community to Mr. Hajee Suleman Abdul Waheed, Sheriff of Bombay :—Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim Kt. Rs. 100, Hon. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim Rs. 50, Mahomedbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim Rs. 50, Gulam Hussein Currimbhoy Ebrahim Rs. 50, Hon. Ebrahim Rahimtulla Rs. 100, Jafferbhoy Rahimtulla Rs. 100, Mahomedbhoy Hajibhoy Laljee Rs. 50, Bandeslibhoy Hajibhoy Laljee Rs. 50, Jafferbhoy Hajibhoy Laljee Rs. 50, Sultanali Hajibhoy Laljee Rs. 50, Rahimbhoy Allana Rs. 100, Sharifbhoy Dewji Canji Rs. 100, Davoodbhoy Fazalbhoy Rs. 100, Dostmahomed Peermahomed Rs. 100, Bhojabhoy Allarakhia Rs. 100, Khansaheb Karmali Joosub Rs. 50, Noormahomed Joosub Rs. 50, Jaffer Joosub Rs. 50, Rahim Joosub Rs. 50, Hon. A. M. Jiwanjee Rs. 100,

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, FEBRUARY 26.

The disturbance in North-East India to-day is shown over Assam, where it has caused a local rainfall the principal amounts being Sibsagar half an inch and Silchar and Cherapoonjee one. A fresh depression is approaching India from Persia giving cloudy skies in Baluchistan.

Forecast.—Local rain is likely in Assam and some rain in the extreme North of Burma.

SIMLA, FEBRUARY 27.

The weather is dry over the whole country. The depression in Persia has given rain in Ispahan and the skies are cloudy in Baluchistan.

Forecast—shows dry weathers generally.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 26TH FEBRUARY.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 26th February, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is generally drier. Temperature has fallen and is in defect nearly everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect. Temperature has fallen and while the maximum is now normal, the minimum is in defect nearly everywhere.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. The air is drier. Day temperature is normal at Karachi and in defect elsewhere; night temperature is below normal in Sind and north Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The moisture in the air is in moderate to large defect Temperature has fallen and is below normal both during the day and a night.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. The air is generally drier. Temperature has fallen; it is now normal during the day but in defect at night.

The Konkan.—Skies are clear. Humidity is in defect at Bombay. Temperature has fallen, but is still normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear. The air is generally drier. Temperature is normal except for a defect at night at a few stations.

General Remarks.—Temperature is in defect in North-West India, Gujarat, Kathiawar and West Central India. Weather has been dry and is likely to remain so.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Offg. Meteorologist, Bombay.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.
BY CAPTAIN H.E.S. PROCTER, A. D. C.
COMMANDING.
Bombay, 28th February.

CAMP OF INSTRUCTION.

It is notified for information that the Annual Camp opens at Santa Cruz on Thursday evening the 3rd March, and not the 2nd as already notified and closes with the General Officer Commanding Inspection on the morning of Monday the 21st March (a Public Holiday).

D. W. WILSON, Lieut.,
Actg. Adjt., Bombay Light Horse.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LT.-COL. R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.
Bombay, 28th February.

175—Detail for the week ending 5th proximo.

Tuesday 1st proximo—Ambulance Class at the Telegraph Office at 6 p.m.

Wednesday 2nd proximo—"G" Coy parade at the Gymkhana at 7-30 a.m.

Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.

176—Parades—Parades will be held daily on the Oval at 6-30 p.m. and at St. Mary's College, Sycalla, at 6-30 p.m. (except Saturdays and Sundays) for all Volunteers who have not yet made themselves extra Efficients. The Commanding Officer trusts that all Volunteers who are as yet Non-efficients will make an effort to attend.

Dress—Drill Order, Mufti.

177—Musketry—The Range at Ghat Kopar will be available for Class Firing on the following days:—

Tuesday 1st prox (2nd Period).

Wednesday 2nd prox (General).

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

A. L. CARTWRIGHT, Capt.,
Adjt., B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. HAWES, COMMANDING B. V. A.
Bombay, 28th February.

Duty Officer for the day,
Lieut. Leslie, Next for duty Lt W H Leach orderly Officer for the day.
Sergeant Wean Next for duty Sgt A J Burnett.
Hour and Nature of Parades will be posted on Notice Board in Camp
The Test II Proficiency Examination will be held on Monday 5th March at 5-30 p m at Mahalaxmi
The Inter-Boat Cup Campitition will be held at 7-30 a m on Saturday the 5th instant not as previously stated
Rations for meals in Camp will be as under:—
Breakfast at 8-30 a m
Dinner at 1 p m except Guest night when dinner will be at 8 p m,

E. P. CUDLIP, Lt., R. A.,
Adjt., B. V. A.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. on Saturday, give the following results:—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	1	0	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dungri	9	7	24
C Market Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kamathipura	1	1	16
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	1	0	9
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamathipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	3	3	26
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	2	0	6
G Mahim and Worli	3	3	9
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	0	8
Total	20	14	101
Thisday last year	30	28	122

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

February 25th 1910.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	131	49	1
B	255	327	37
C	138	186	13
D	157	38	5
E	201	111	13
F	110	10	0
G	70	20	8
Total	1,062	686	105
Total killed to date			1,748

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Monkey Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald heads where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 33, Southampton Road, London, England.

BY THE WAY.

MIGHT-HAVE-BEENS.

No man, however, distinguished, can entertain a vivid recollection of his early life without admitting to his mind certain regretful comparisons. Even so eminent a man as Lord Rosebery could not address the boys of Watson's College, Edinburg, without sorrowfully noting the shortcomings and missed opportunities (of whose existence only he can be fully aware) of the years that have passed since he, too, had all life before him. The feeling is inevitable, but the sentiment does not ring quite true. Browning's was the truer view—that "we fail to rise, are baffled to fight better." Lord Rosebery, since he began life has gone very far. How much of this success has been due to the mistakes he has made and profitted by? It is impossible to say, but it is safe to presume that he would never have occupied the position he holds to-day unless he had been willing to take risks, to court failure, to "come of second best." A blameless career is like a richly bound book—too beautiful for use. The world wants something more weather-beaten and sun-burnt. We cannot praise a fugitive and cloistered virtue unexercised and unbreatsed, that never sallies out and seeks its adversary, but slinks out of the race where that immortal garland is to be run for, not without dust and heat."

DAYLIGHT FOR THE RIFLE BUTTS.

One of the objections to the Daylight Bill which seemed to have great weight with the Committee that rejected the scheme was that it would disturb the cows, and that country people set their watches by the cows, consequently the watches would also be perturbed. This milking-time problem, curiously enough, is one of the things that has determined a Committee of the Victorian Parliament in favour of the Bill, which, of course, in the Antipodes would operate from October to March. It seems that country children are sent out at sunrise to drive in the cows to the milking shed, and milk them there, a practice which many deem a great hardship for the little folk, rendering them, too, desperately sleepy in school. If an hour were carved bodily out of the interval between sunrise and breakfast time, it is argued that their hardships would be lessened. But would it not simply mean that they would have to "ca' the cattle heme" before, instead of after, sunrise? The other argument that prevailed with the Victorian Committee is far more valued, and one which has been repeatedly urged in England—namely, that an extra hour of daylight after work is over would be invaluable for rifle practice. This, we venture to think, is worth all the other arguments put together And so the Victorians believed. Their proposed universal military training, they say "could hardly be a success without this measure."

THE GILTY BOY.

A memorial of the Great Fire of London is in danger of vanishing. The gilded fat boy put up on the Fortune of War, an old City inn at Pye-corner, West Smithfield, where the fire stopped may soon have the wall which has been his refuge pulled down about his ears as the inn has closed its doors and is to be demolished. The figure of a fat boy was chosen we are told because the fire was caused "by the sin of gluttony." It is pleasant to find such an emphatic statement as to the birth of that catastrophe: usually it is shrouded in a mist of hazy legends in which plots and conspiracies loom large. There is this much to be said for the gluttony theory that the fire started in the house of one Farriner, "the King's baker," who lived in Pudding lane near New Fish Streethill. The whole neighbourhood, it will be seen reeked of eating. However, the rights and wrongs of this theory will never be settled. The important point now is to preserve this gilded fat boy from the destruction awaiting him. He should be tenderly removed with all his guilty upon him, and set up again at one of the other spots where the fire ceased to rage—in Holborn Hill or Aldersgate for instance. Such a standing warning against one of our national besetting sins is too good to be lost even though the lesson be partially obscured by gilt.

THE KENDALS,

If one could be sure that the artistic result would always be so successful one would give unqualified support to Mr. Kendal's hint to actors and actresses. It appears that when Mr. Kendal asked her father's consent to the marriage the latter made it clearly understood that they must always act together. It is needless to dwell here upon the result. The Kendals became an institution and probably attracted more non-playgoers to the theatre than any other English actors. Mrs. Kendal is therefore prejudiced in favour of this acting together of husband and wife. It is certainly desirable and in a large number of cases desired by both players and playgoers. Whether the artistic result is always going to be proportionately satisfactory is another matter. Whether the artistic result is worth considering beside the domestic is a prior and no less vexed question.

A CURE FOR CURATES.

The three clergymen who recently addressed to the "Times" a letter of remonstrance on the subject of "Intelligent and Intelligible Reading" in churches have probably—and, if so, quite deliberately—opened the floodgates of popular indignation. It is difficult to find an adjective to apply to a system which professes to train young men for the Church and pays but perfunctory attention to their enunciation. If it is necessary for actors to study elocution for the better presentation of every fleeting play, it is difficult to see how theological colleges can ignore the reading of the Divine Word. To put the matter on no higher grounds, it is seldom that a lover of literature can hear the Lessons read without suffering. What is vulgarly known as the "clerical voice" is hardly less futile than untutored muttering. It is an extraordinary thing that the clergy, whose ranks are recruited from the most studious and cultured young men, should be so deficient in ear and artistic inspiration. And there are, of course, far higher reasons than these why the matter needs attention.

WHY BUSES HAVE TOPS.

Judge Bacon is a man of observation and philosophy. He has not only noticed but can explain a curious feature of bus tops. "On the roof of an itinerant vehicle with vulgar men, about," as Wordsworth so elegantly puts it one is often struck by the number of young men and women sitting in couple. The coldest air does not daunt them. The inside of the itinerant vehicle may be empty. To the middle-aged and solitary it may offer a cosy refuge from the piercing winds without. For young couples it has no attraction whatever. Boldly they ascend the steps; with the courage of Vikings they lift their heads before the cold blast; with true resolution of the great Brutus and Brutus' Portia they sit calm and happy where others would shiver and feel wretched. "I have noticed," remarked Judge Bacon, on hearing during the progress of a case that "she was coming down the steps of a bus with a young man"—"I have noticed," he remarked with the benevolence of the wise, "that these couples generally go outside." Indeed it is their nature to. On the roof of an itinerant vehicle you may sit—nay you must sit—on a seat made for two and on which the two are compelled—yes compelled—to sit very close together. Moreover, the seats are so arranged that the vulgar men about cannot hear what you are saying. Never—or hardly ever.

GOMPERISMS.

Exaggerated statements as to the cost of living to the American working man were common during the election. Comparison between England and the States was held by many Free Trade disputants to show the enormous advantage of living this side of the Atlantic under the sun of Cobdesism. Quite a different story is told by Mr. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labour. Mr. Gompers has just returned home after an extended tour of Europe. He has studied the standards of life in the New and the Old World. His conclusion is that whether the cost of living in Europe or America is greater to the working man depends entirely on what the living consists of. If in America he voluntarily lives the life of self-denial that he compulsorily lived in his native land, his outlay in money will remain about the same. Even then he will hardly be able to escape gaining something from the superior of the good things of life in America. In other words, a man may exist as cheaply in America as in England, but in America—protected America—he can live in comparative luxury at the same rate as it would cost him in Free Trade England; only America will give wages sufficient to enable him to adopt the higher mode.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FORECAST OF SUMMER FASHIONS.

Fecruary, writes a London lady, brings news of what we are likely to wear during the coming spring, and even supplies us with some hints of what will be prepared for us for the summer months. The actual wear of the designers' creations will depend much on what the weather develops into, but news from Paris is that much silk will be worn. Several new makes have been put on the market, and the best tailors are using a heavy, rich Shantung, almost ribbed like an Ottoman, such as was very much in favour last season. Moire is also a silk that lends itself peculiarly well to the art of the tailor, since it can be utilised for the cost-and-skirt model with or without a touch of velvet. Some of the new shades of blue, red, brown, and green are exceedingly good, and they are shown in both Shantung and other makes of silk. Lighter qualities of silk are very delicately tinted, and there is a new silken veiling, soft and fine to all appearance, but actually rather firm and durable. Buttons are still to be used, and the long sleeve, clinging closely to the arm and finished with buttons, is a feature of some of the newest frocks. Short skirts seem to be decided upon, and for evening wear the skirt is not by any means long, and is so caught and tightened about the feet that a graceful walk is impossible. Wearers of these gowns have somewhat the shuffling gait considered graceful in Japan, but scarcely acceptable to practical Western eyes. Ribbons of gauze are distinctly good style, and some of the newest frocks of chiffon are made with panniers falling in full folds to the hem of the dress, then swept round and draped once more almost to the waist, where they are held by big bow of gauze ribbon. Similar ribbon foams a band right round the panier, and once more is repeated in the bodice. Any contrast may be used, and ribbons are mostly shot. Flame colour and gold make a good effect, and black mingles well with silver. Gold tissue and black jet are freely mixed, and such a frock as alternate panels of gold tissue and jetted gauze trimmed with fringe looks very well.

LACE DRESSES.

Whole dresses of lace will be worn, and novel is a wide scarf, to be draped just as those of gauze or silk have been. Little chemisettes finish nearly all the new dresses, and the small rounded bodices are usually finished with these and with Peter Pan collar turned out and trimmed with narrow quillings of lace. Jabots of lace will vie with those of embroidered linen, and in the latter there are some charming new designs, both as regards the patterns worked and the way in which the styles are made up. Embroidered linen belts for white dresses are exceedingly pretty, and there are also dainty little bags made of embroidered linen mounted on silk to match the dresses with which they are carried. All sorts of reticules have been revived from the Middle Ages, when ladies carried the alms for distribution in a bag that was copied from the sabre tache and great ingenuity has been exercised in the decoration and designing of them.

THE BEST "APENTA" NATURAL APERIENT WATER
FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA-PEST, HUNGARY.

TIRED,
WORN-OUT, RUN DOWN.

Conditions we so often find in, and so often are we unable to find a cause. We grow tired over ordinarily easy work, old before our time, listless and lifeless and without energy or ambition. Appetite grows poor sleepless nights are passed no desire for work or pleasure. Then troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, in fact, the entire system is undermined and overcome. Such an array of system is appalling—but liability of same is certainty. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious and do deadly work with little warning. At the first sign of the smallest symptom of nerve disorder get in touch with that King of all remedies.—

Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels becomes regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

FREE.—In order to prove the abovementioned effects a trial bottle lasting for two days will be forwarded post paid to any person sending two annas postage stamps. Read these evidences.

J. R. Gaikwad, Mamlatdar of Sakri, writes that "Please send two bottles of Prof. James' Electro Tonic Pearls by V. P. P. as soon as possible. They give good effects."

Mr. J. C. Britto from Ponda, writes that—"Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills, or the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two bottles of it."

M. N. Venkataramier, Pleader from Kulitala, writes that I feel some good effect from Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls. Kindly send one more bottle of it, per V. P. P."

Santokhsingh, B.A., Law Professor, Police Training College Moradabad, writes: "I have tried two bottles of Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls and have found them very useful. Please send two more bottles of it, per V. P. P."

Please write clearly.

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SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

HARNESSING THE OCEAN.

Underthetitle of "Putting Old Neptune to Work," the "Scientific American" describes and illustrates four ingenious recently invented methods of utilising the power of the ocean as a source of energy. In looking to the ocean as a source of power, it has hitherto usually been the rise and fall of the tide which has attracted the attention of inventors. And to a certain limited extent the tide has been made use of in driving mills. In the above methods, however, it is the force of the waves which is used to generate energy.

THE MACHINERY.

The mechanism used for harnessing the waves is remarkable for its ingenuity. In the first method this consists of a large square float, round which are hinged four other auxiliary floats. It is the rocking of these floats on the waves that works the machinery mounted on the central one. This consists of four pairs of cylinders, and a compressed-air tank. Two piston-rods, working the pistons, in a pair of cylinders, are attached to each auxiliary float. As the floats rock in the waves the pistons are worked back and forward, and pump air into the tank. Two other of the four methods, with differences in the details of the mechanism, depend on the principle of the rocking of a float working a pump for compressing air.

ELECTRICITY FROM THE WAVES.

In the fourth, in which the apparatus is stationary, the waves wash over its surface, and move a series of vanes. These in turn move a piston which pumps air into a reservoir. In all cases the compressed air works an air motor, which in turn drives a dynamo, and thus finally turns the force of the waves into an electric current. The above inventions demonstrate that it is possible to link on to the machinery of the world a practically inexhaustible source of power. The cost of installation would not appear to be great, and that of running, beyond necessary wear and tear, nil. The great, and apparently insurmountable, difficulty, however, in thus "putting old Neptune to work" is that the machinery would be at the mercy of the storms. Unless some way of rendering the apparatus storm-proof can be devised, the project seems doomed to failure.

THE MOON AND RADIO-ACTIVITY.

Does the moon affect the radio-activity of the earth's atmesphere? In a paper read before the Academie des Sciences, M. Paul Besson discusses this question, and is inclined to answer it in the affirmative. The radio-activity of the air, it is generally agreed, comes from the ground, and is a very variable quantity. It has been shown that its amount increases as the barometer falls. M. Besson carefully measured the radio-activity of mineral water, and found that it varied with the atmospheric pressure, being greatest when the pressure was least. Thus, when the barometer falls, the emanations from the soil increase, and the radio-activity of the air becomes greater.

HOW THE MOON MAY INCREASE IT.

But there are other variations in the radio-activity of the air which cannot be accounted for by differences in pressure. And it is suggested that these may be due to tidal movements in the earth's crust. For when the moon passes the meridian of a place it causes a tidal wave in the solid crust as well as in the waters of the ocean. And the disturbance of the rocks caused by the former might well be supposed to increase the emanations from the soil. M. Besson's observations, though not perhaps conclusive, indicate that there is a maximum radio-activity of the air resulting from the action of the moon.

MOON AND WEATHER.

If further observations confirm these results, then we will have scientific proof that the moon does really affect the weather, though not in the sense suggested by popular weather lore. In the first place it will increase the radio-activity of the air, thus producing one of the effects of a falling barometer. Secondly, since it has been shown that radio-activity of the air by providing centres of condensation for the moisture, promotes rainfall, the moon may influence this factor in the weather. And as the influence of the moon varies as in the production of Spring and Neap tides, variable weather changes may follow from its action of the earth's crust.

CURIOUS HABIT OF SEA-URCHINS.

Mr. J. T. Cunningham, in the "Field," describes some interesting sea urchins found in St. Helena. The most remarkable fact about these animals is their manner of life. Each one lives in a cavity in the hard black basaltic rock just large enough to contain it. And each animal is supposed to excavate a hole for itself, though there is no direct observation as to how this is done. Caillard suggested that it is done by the teeth, and Mobius that the spines are the implements. Others say that both are used. Considering the nature of the rock, however, it is difficult to understand how either, or both, could be effected without the aid of chemical action. Their life history, indeed, suggests several difficult problems.

TO USE OLD NEWSPAPER.

The difficulty of removing the printer' ink has hitherto rendered it impossible to use up old newspapers in making new paper. A German invention described in the "Scientific American" claims to have overcome this difficulty. The paper pulp is first treated with a solution of the peroxides of the alkalies and alkaline earths. By this treatment the greasy part of the ink creases to bind the lamp-black. Then by emusifying the pulp with gelatinous silica the latter is removed.

THE REPOPULATION OF FRANCE.

Year by year the rate of increase of the population of France has steadily diminished. The year 1908 will long be remembered as that in which the fatal point in the downward course was reached. Last year it was announced, to the consternation of the thoughtful men, that during 1908 there were 204 births in every 10,000 of the population, and 197 deaths. In other words, every 10,000 of the population had grown in one year to 10,007. At this rate it will take France a good many years for its population to double. During the last 100 years Germany has trebled its numbers. What is to be done in such a crisis as this has no doubt been the occasion of many an address and article since the alarming figures were announced. "What the doctor can do!" was sure to draw a large audience at the annual meeting of the Academe des Sciences, and this was the subject of the discourse pronounced on that occasion by M. Bouchard, of the Institute of France. The only measure that can be undertaken at once, as it is not likely that the 204 will immediately increase is to reduce the 197 to something much smaller. It is hardly worth while attempting to deal with 5 per cent. of this 197, for it consists of men and women over seventy years of age. But something can be done for the 30 per cent. between the ages of 0 and 19, who can do nothing for repopulation, who do not add to the production of wealth, and who may be called "humanite en preparation." The mortality for the new-born reached from 1864-1874 the astounding figure of 330 per 1,000. Between the ages of one and two it has now dropped to 27; the next year to 21; and the next to 16 per 1,000. The decrease is then more gradual until the age of nine is reached, when the rate is 3 1-2 per 1,000 and remains unchanged for the next four years. It then gradually increases until at the age of nineteen is 7 per 1,000. From the date of the introduction of the famous "loi Roussel" infantile mortality began rapidly to diminish. The almost instantaneous effect of the opening of a "Goutte de Lait," as evidenced by the data given by the orator, was of the most striking character. Everywhere where the medical profession lent themselves heart and soul to the enforcement of the law, where the rules of hygiene were observed, and mothers were taught the rudiments of their business, the improvemsnt was immediate. If no moral or legislative sanction can increase the 204, it is clearly not impossible for science and medicine to increase the living sources of the nation's power and wealth. The rest must be left to education, counsel, and, above all, to example.

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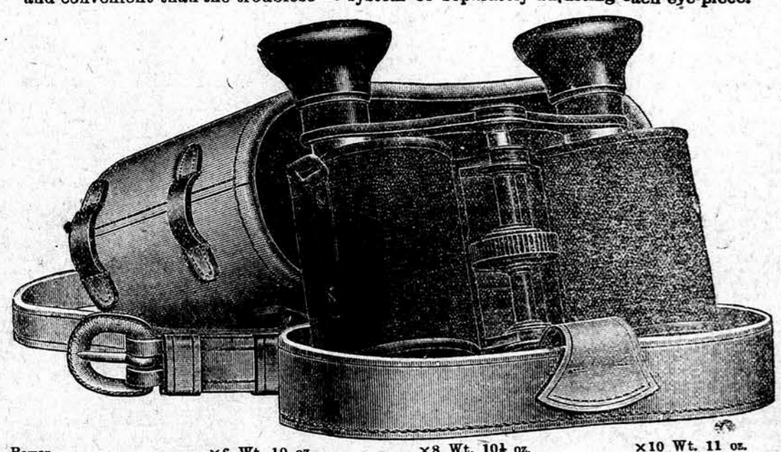

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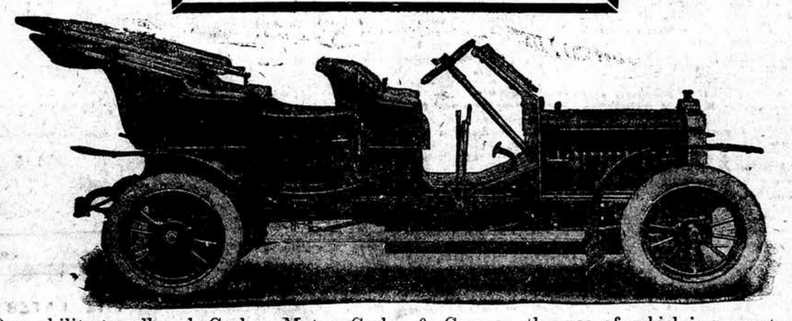

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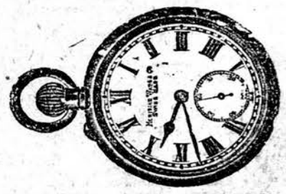

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